

# Photo-responsive ionogels as functional materials in microfluidic systems

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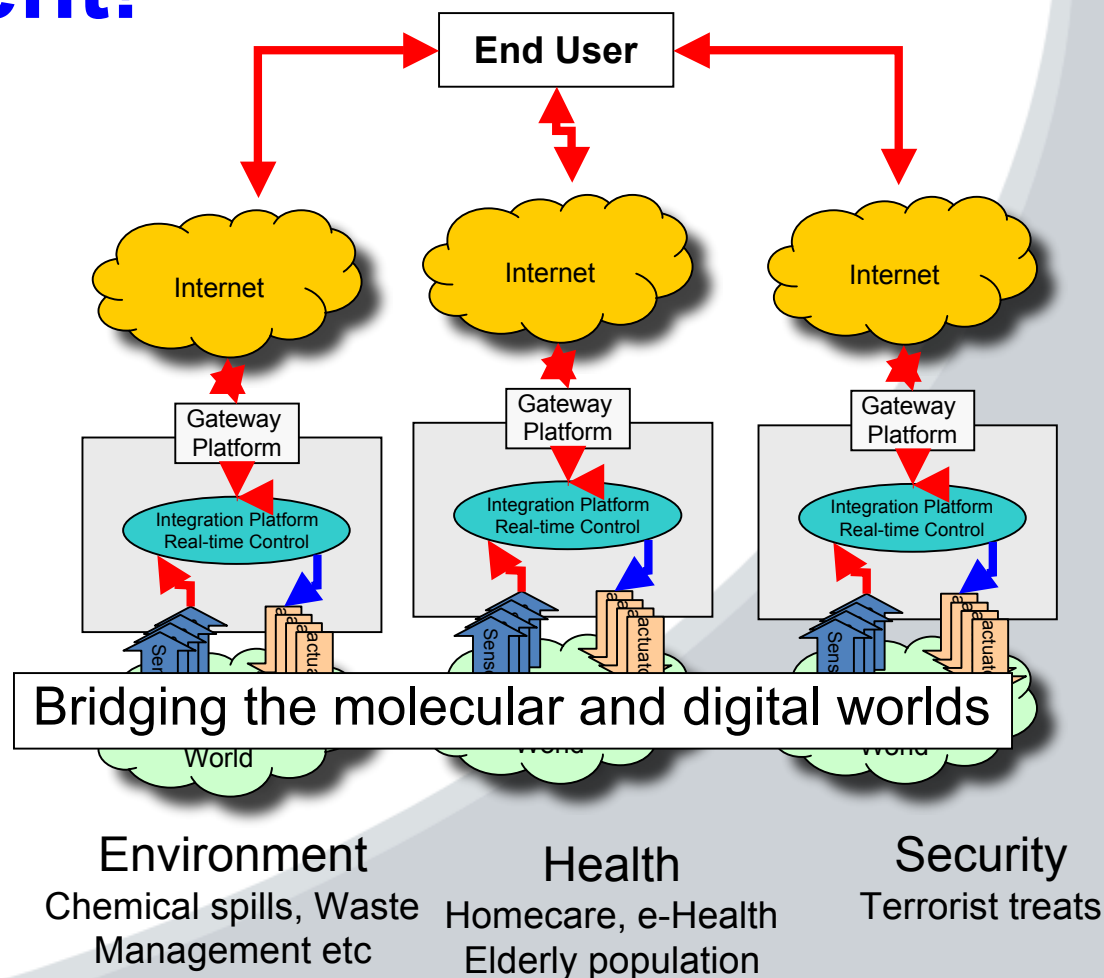
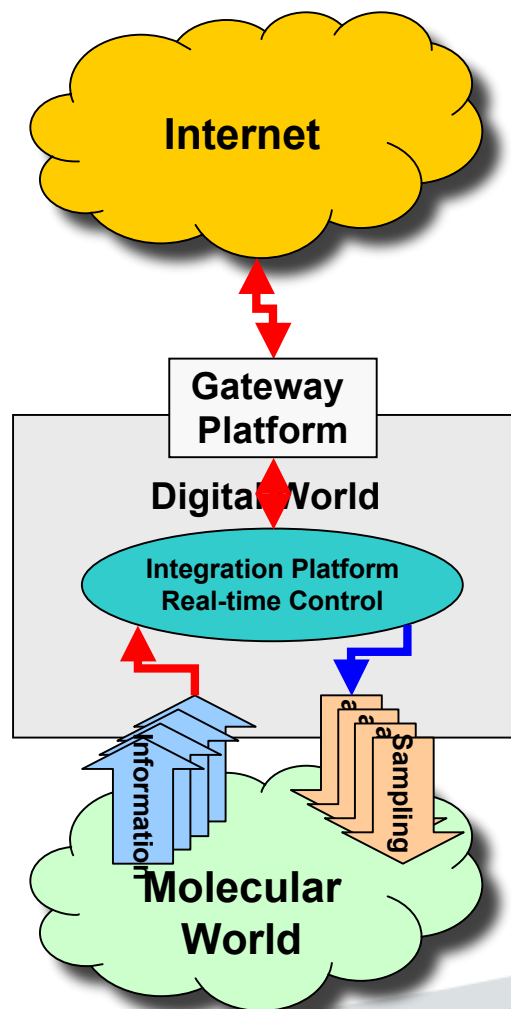
Macro 2010 15-7-2010

# Outline

- **Group history of wireless environmental sensing**
- **Current issues of sensing systems**
  - Cost of ownership
  - Fluid handling using pumps and valves
- **Opportunity for Functional Materials**
  - Stimuli responsive materials
- **Outlook**

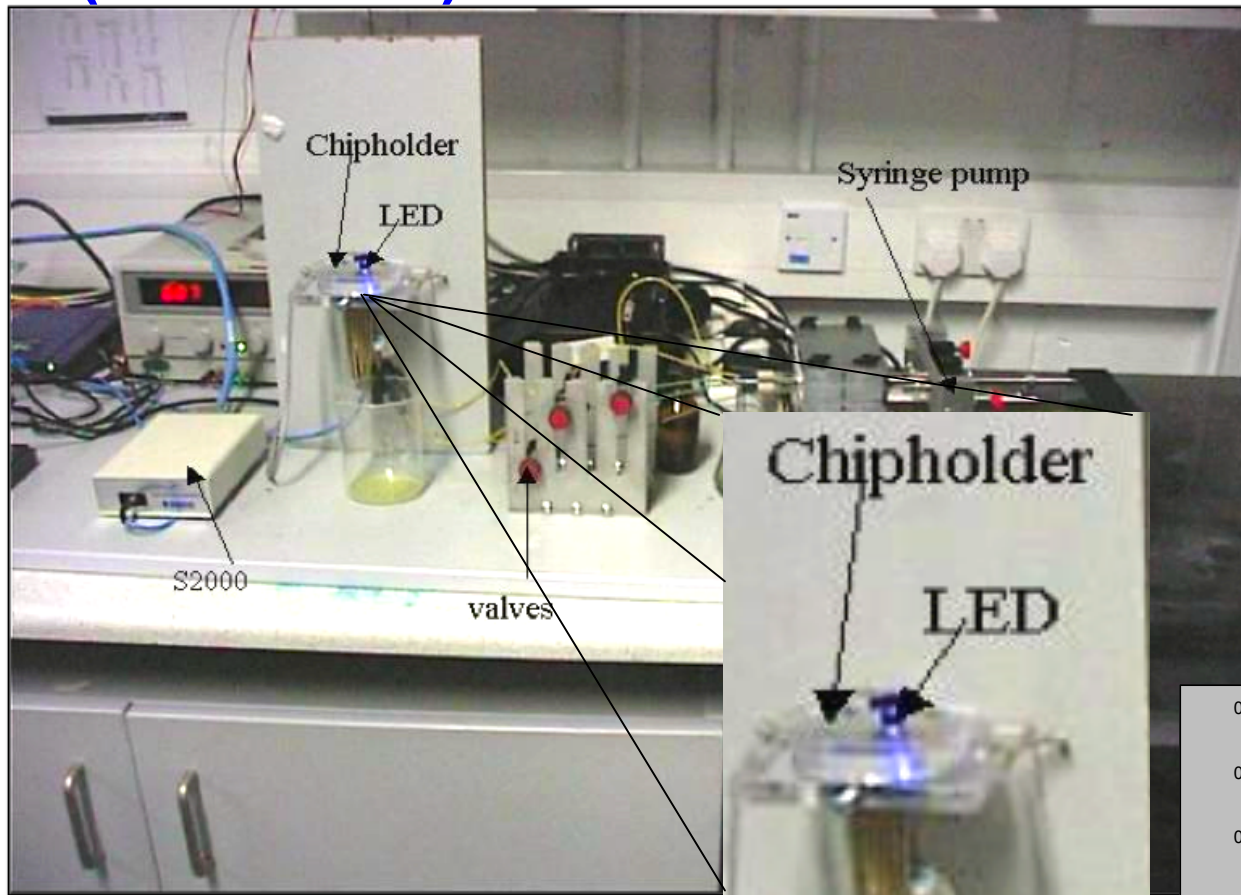


# Ubiquitous sensing: Internet-enable every measurement!



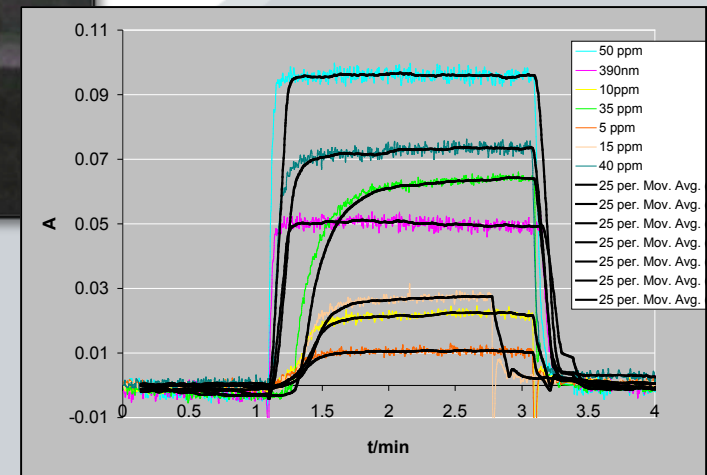
This vision can only become a reality utilizing  
Lab on a Chip technology

# Reagent based Nutrient Analyser (Ammonia)

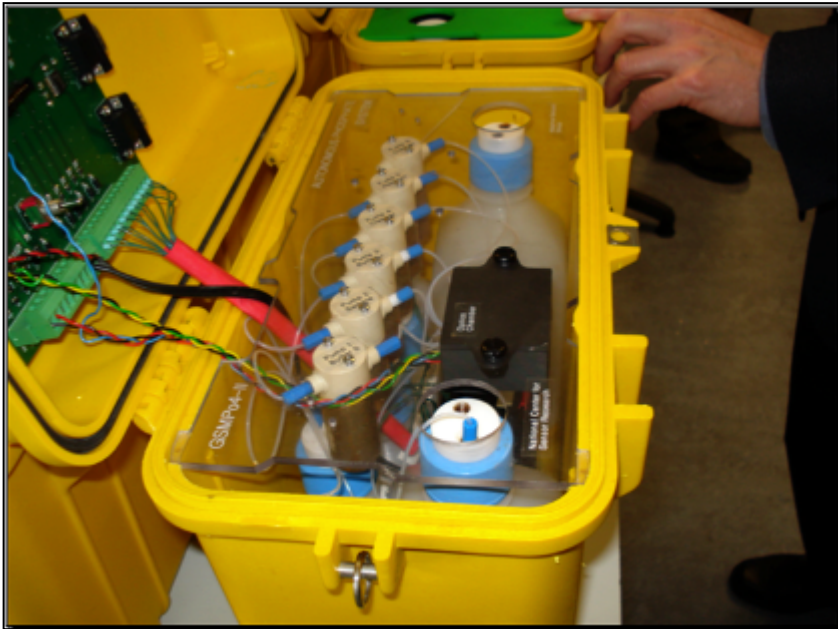


- Setup ca. 1999
- Worked well but not an integrated system

Chemical Sensing using an Integrated uFluidic System based on Colorimetrics: A Comparative Kinetic Study of the Bertholet Reaction for Ammonia Determination in Microfluidic and Spectrophotometric Systems, A Daridon, Sensors and Actuators B, 76/1-3, (2001) 235-243.



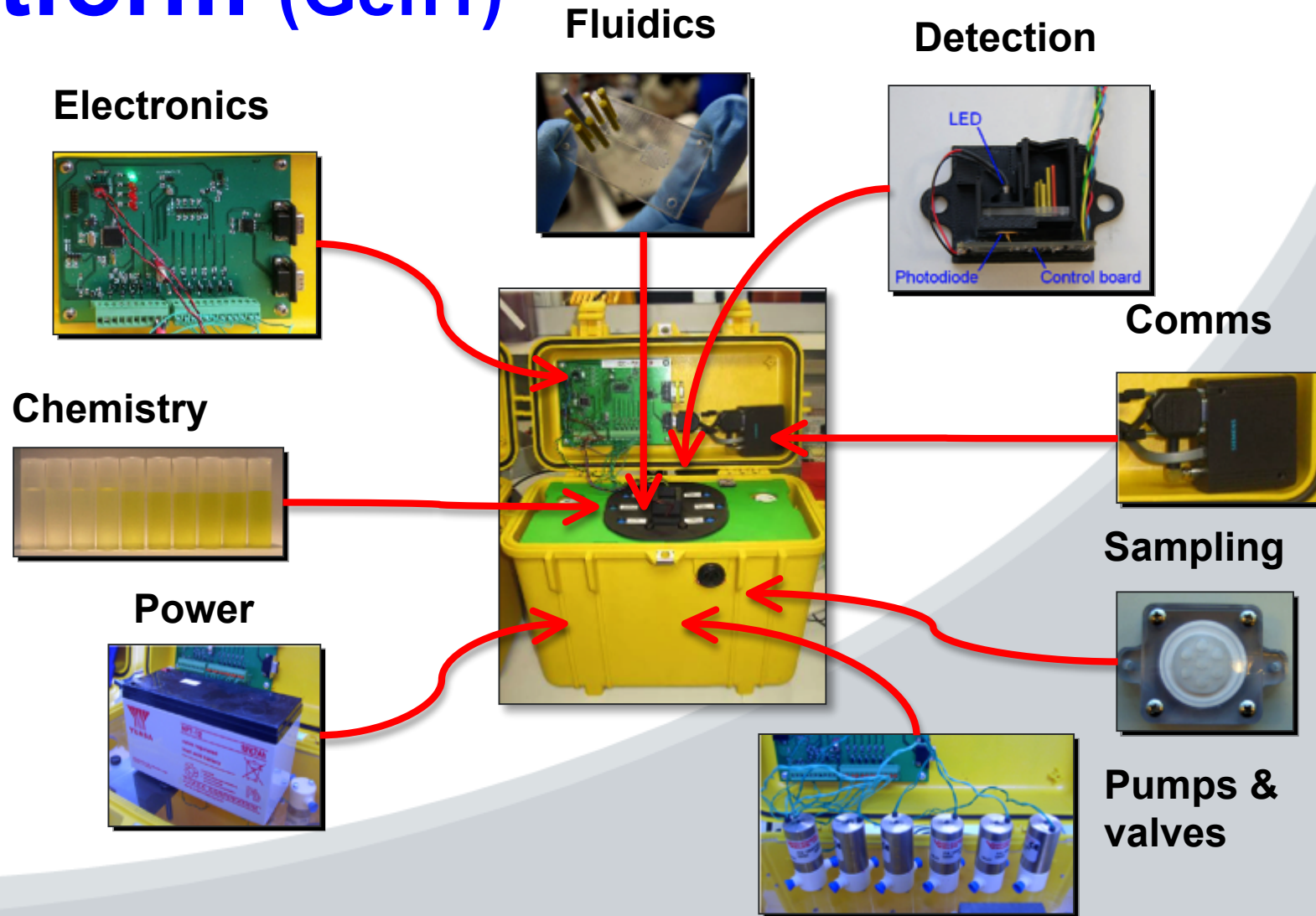
# Autonomous Reagent-based Nutrient Phosphate Analyser (ca. 2008)



Complex system integrated into a robust platform: component cost ca. €2,000



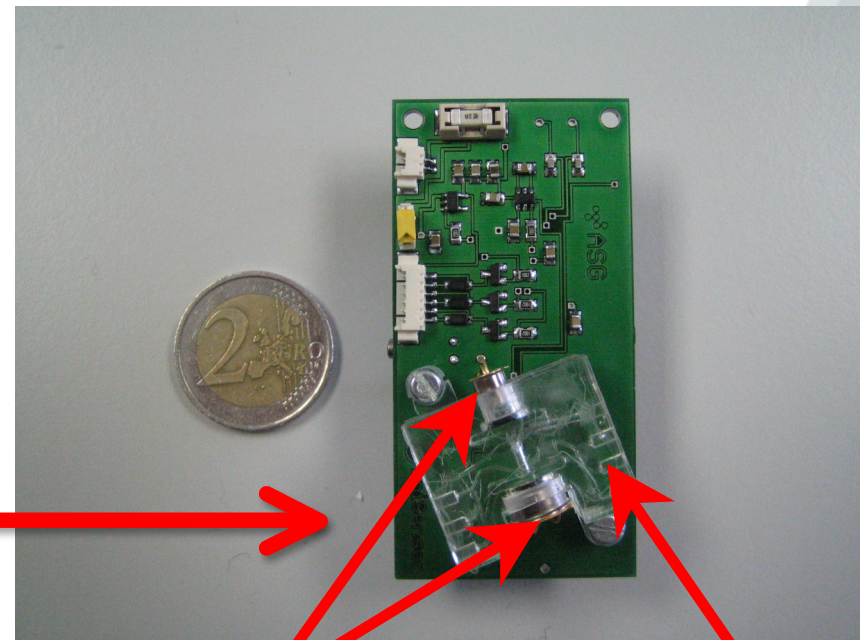
# Phosphate Analyser Platform (Gen1)



# Gen2 Detection System



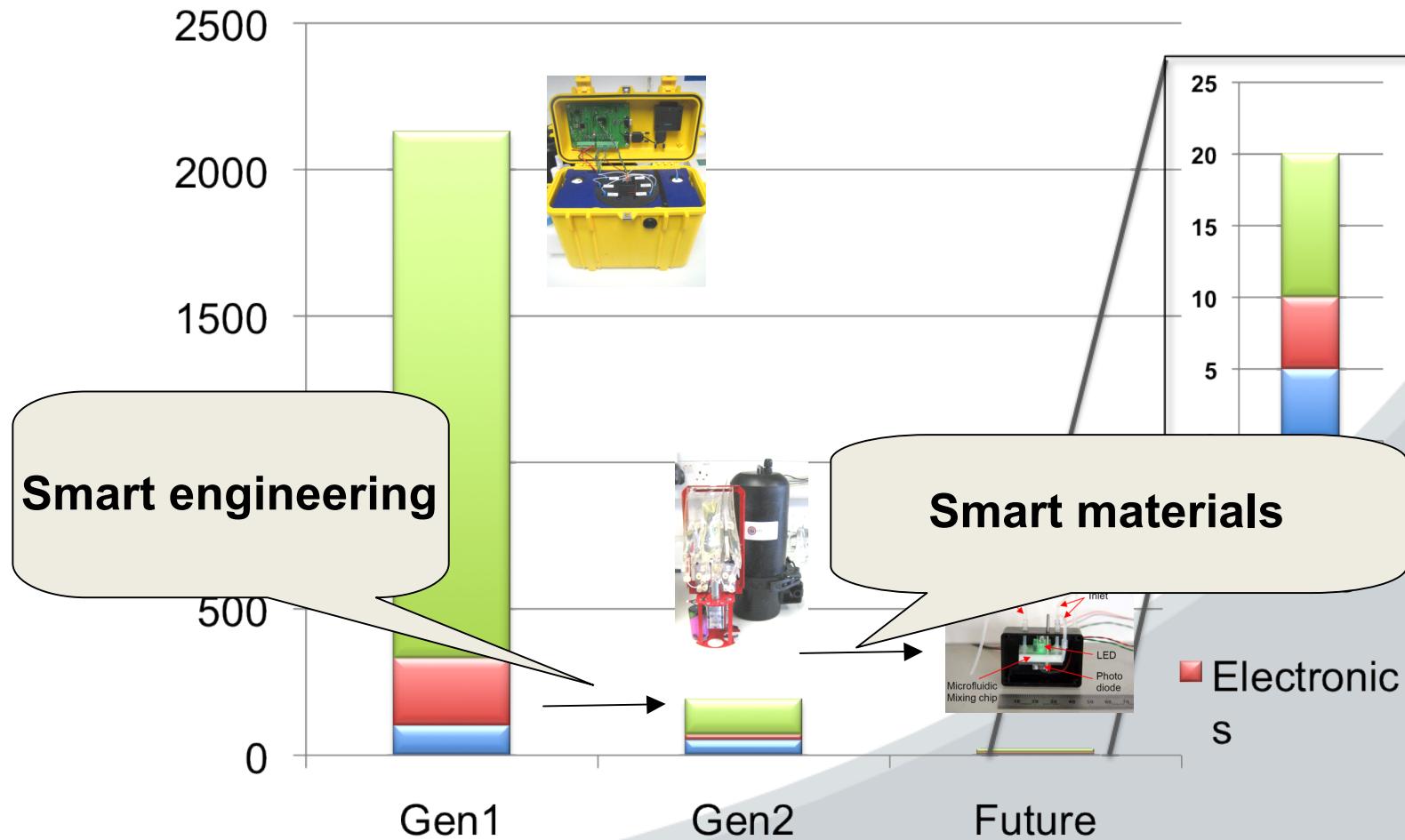
Microfluidic chip still the same as  
Generation 1 (ca. 1999)



LED and  
Photodiode  
Detector

Microfluidic Chip

# Cost Comparison of device (€)



# Stimuli-responsive materials

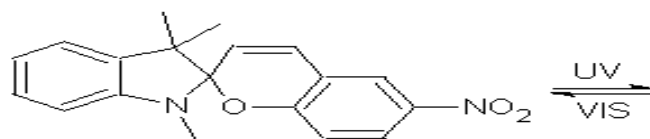
- Realisation of futuristic sensing systems (3G model) lies within materials science
- Stimuli responsive materials for fluid handling
  - Electrochemical
  - Optical
  - Magnetic
  - Chemical
- Properties that can reversibly change e.g. chemical binding behaviour, surface charge/polarity, porosity, permeability, dimensions,.....



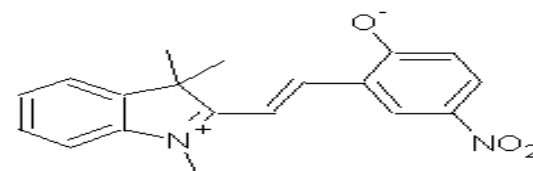
Byrne. R, Materials Today, 2010



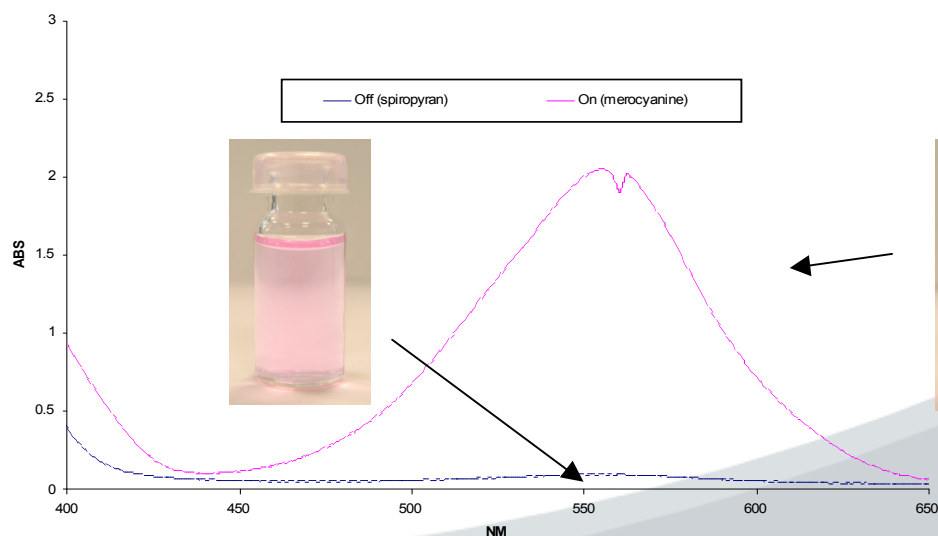
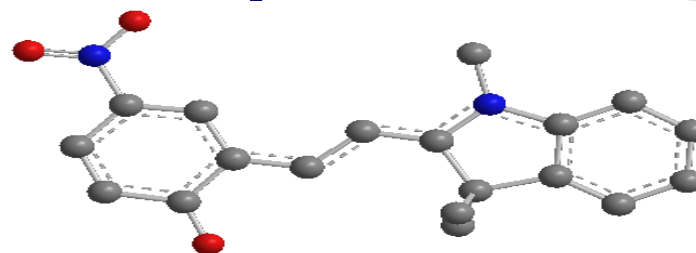
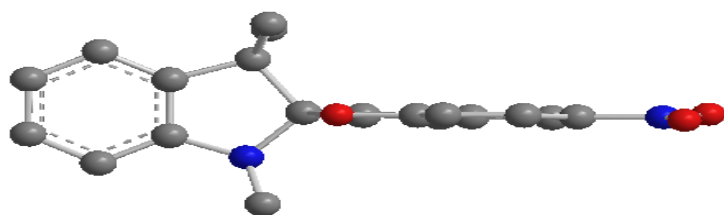
# Photo-responsive materials based on spiropyran



Spiropyran



Merocyanine

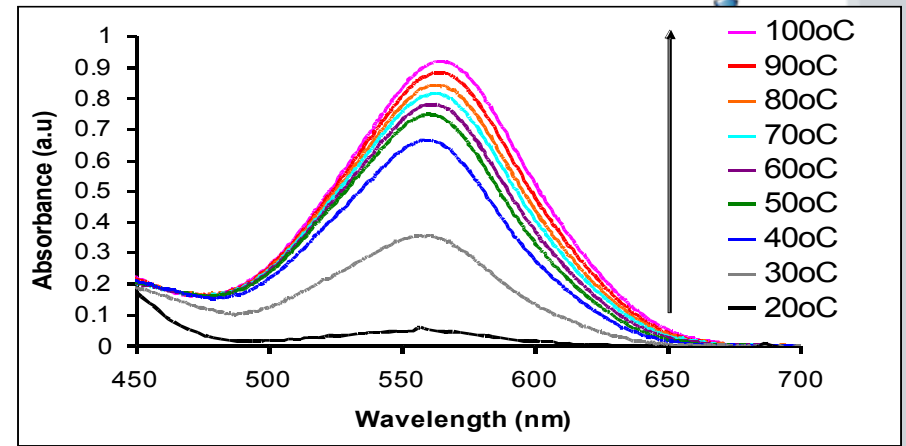
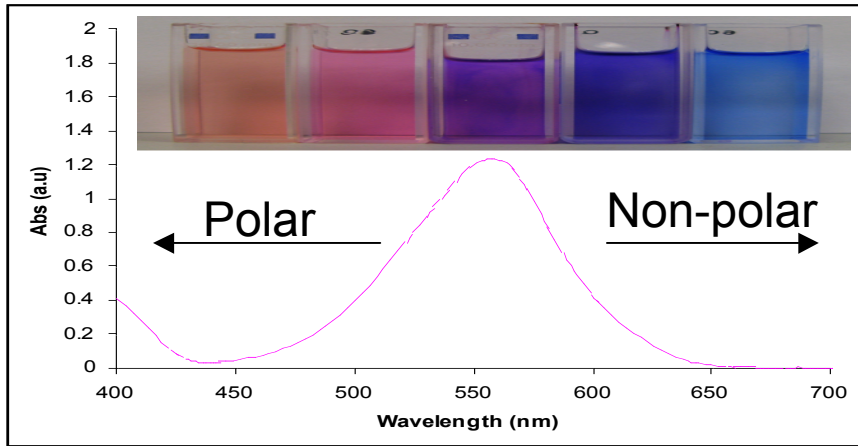


- Optically actuate between two distinct isomers
- Control physico-chemical properties of system
- Non-contact spatial control of actuation

Byrne *et al*, *Nature Materials*, vol. 5, pp. 421-424, 2006.

Byrne *et al*, *Journal of Materials Chemistry*, vol. 16, pp. 1332-1337, 2006.



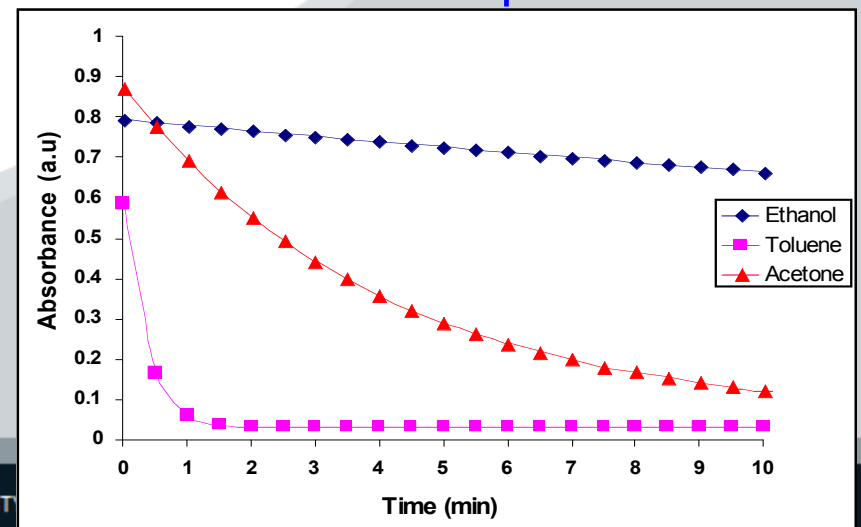
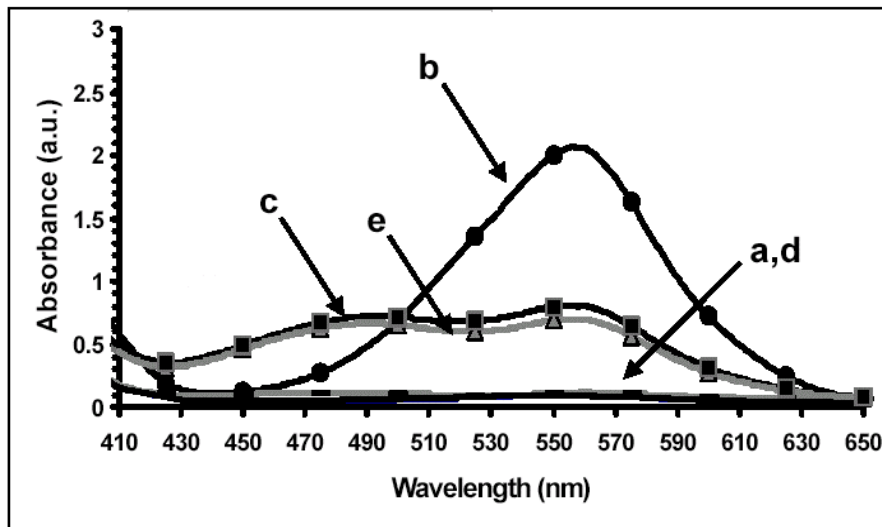


Solvatochromic

Thermochromic

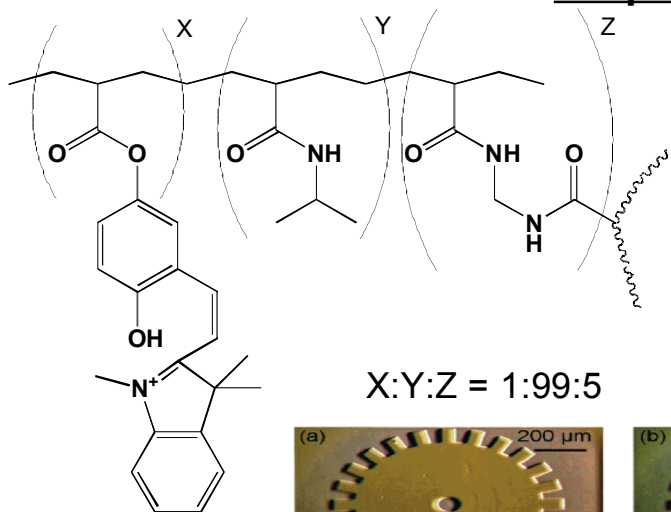
Metal ions, Proton,  
Protein and DNA  
recognition site

Thermal relaxation  
dependent on all  
processes!

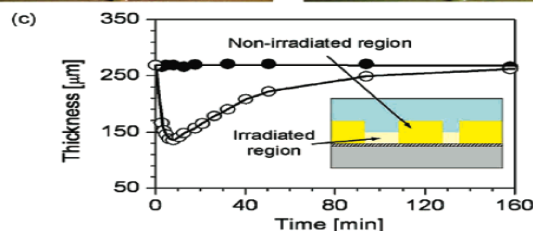
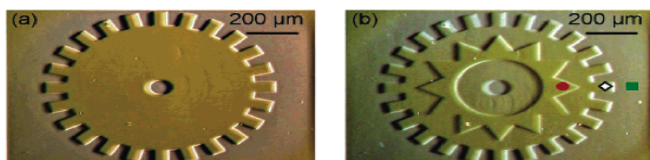


# Photo-responsive polymer

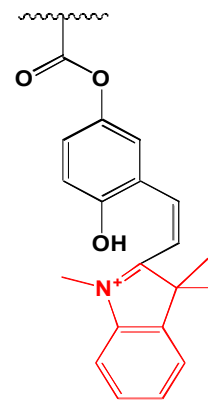
- Protonated isomer incorporated into cross linked thermoresponsive hydrogel
- Irradiation of blue light results in contraction of hydrogel
- Excellent spatial resolution demonstrated by micro-relief structures
- This offers the possibility of inducing dramatic changes to the bulk properties of a system by photonic irradiation.
- Technical issues include **evaporation of water** from hydrogel



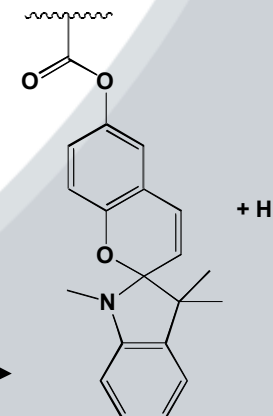
X:Y:Z = 1:99:5



Highly Polar



Non-polar



Blue light

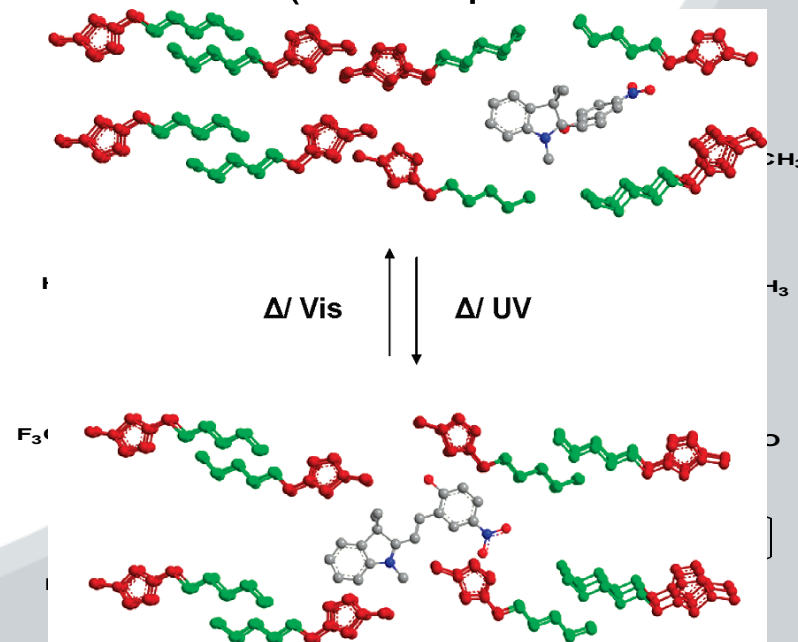
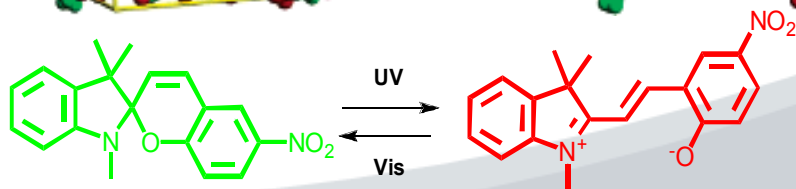
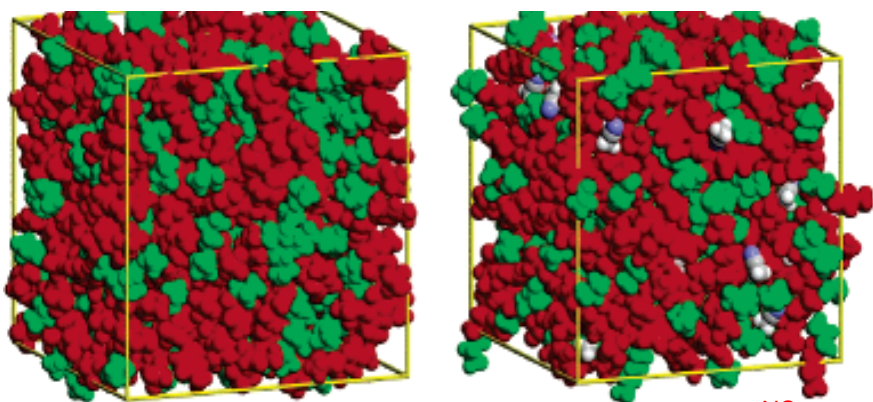
Heat/ H+

Sumaru et al *Chem. Mater.*, 19 (11), 2730 -2732, 2007.

# Ionic Liquids- photoresponsive liquids

- Consist solely of ions and liquidus at RT
- Negligible vapour pressure, Non-flammable, thermally stable at high temperatures
- Designer solvents (viscosity, polarity, acidic, basic, electrochemical..) ability to tune ion composition
- Applications in catalysis, separations, polymerizations (ionic liquids in gels, solid state electrolytes)

## Nano-structured liquids (Lopes *et al* 2008)

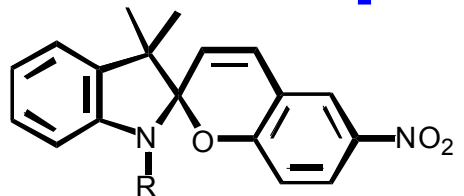


## Photo-switching physicochemical interactions

R. Byrne, *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.*, **2008**, 10, 5919–5924. S. Coleman, *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.*, **2009**, 11, 5608–5614

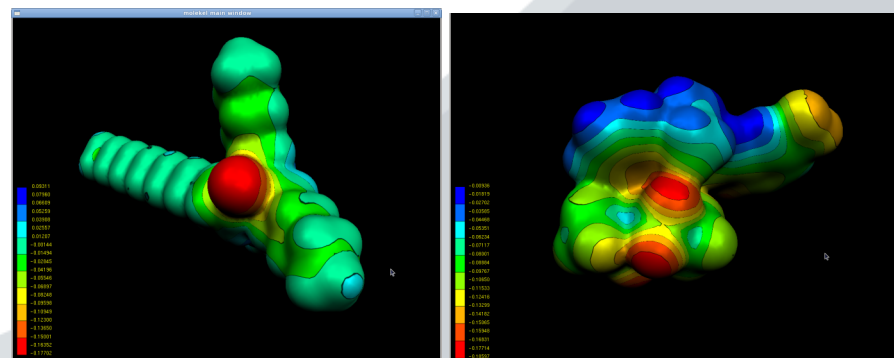
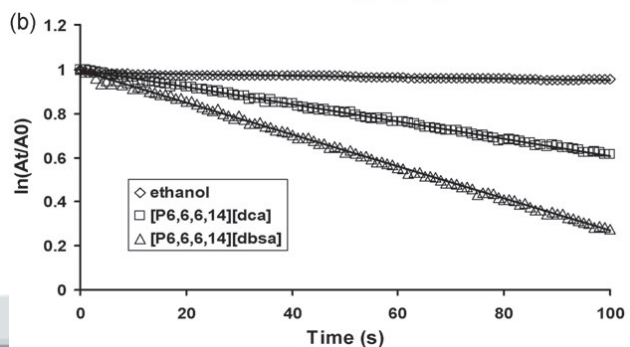
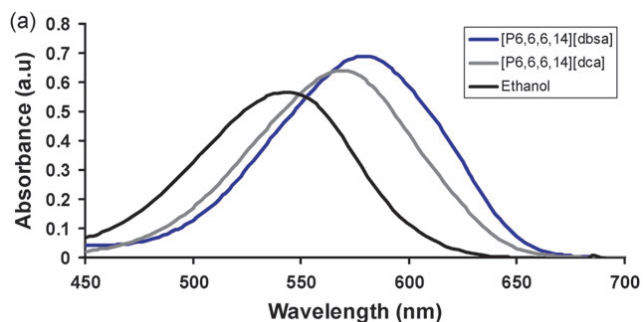
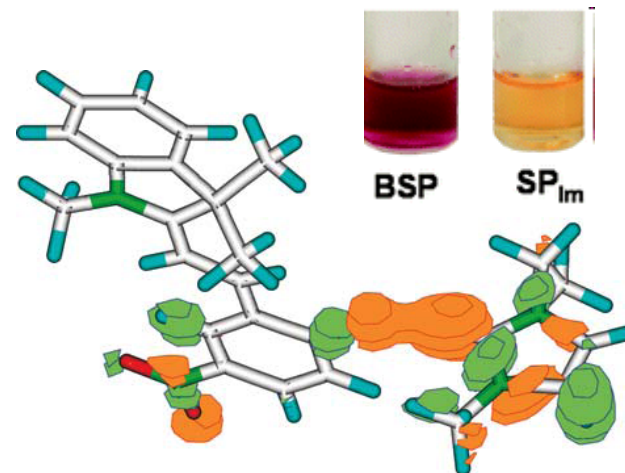
R. Byrne, *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.* **2010**, 12, 1895–1904. R. Byrne, *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.*, **2009**, 11, 7286–7291

# Designer photochromics in ionic liquids



BSP 1 = R = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>OH  
 BSP 2 = R = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H  
 BSP 3 = R = (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>13</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>

Polar and non-polar appendages locate molecule into specific regions



Molecular modelling helps with design

R. Byrne, *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.* **2010**, 12, 1895-1904.  
 R. Byrne, *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.*, **2009**, 11, 7286-7291

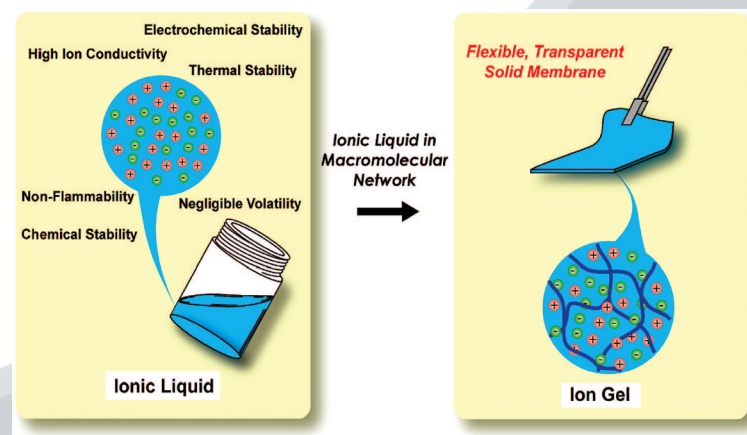
# Encapsulation of ILs- Ionogels

- Inorganic route (Li et al, 2004)
  - Oxides
  - Sol-gel
  - Applications in catalysis and photonics
- Organic route (Watanabe, 2004)
  - Polymers
  - Acrylamide gels
  - Applications in solid state electrolytes and separations

*Chem. Mater.* 2006, 18, 3931–3936

## Ionogels, New Materials Arising from the Confinement of Ionic Liquids within Silica-Derived Networks

Marie-Alexandra Néouze,<sup>†</sup> Jean Le Bideau,<sup>†</sup> Philippe Gaveau,<sup>‡</sup> Séverine Bellayer,<sup>†</sup> and André Vioux<sup>\*,†</sup>

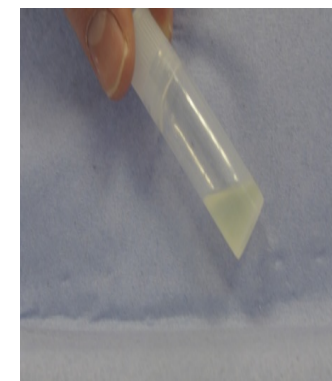
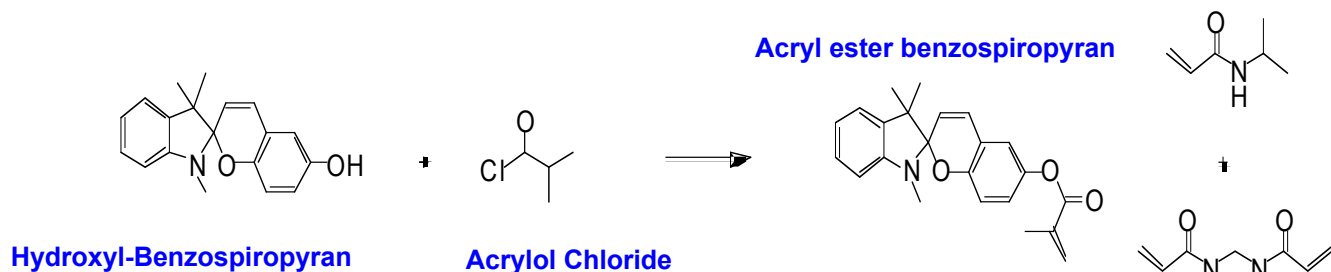


*Watanabe Macromolecules*, Vol. 41, No. 11, 2008

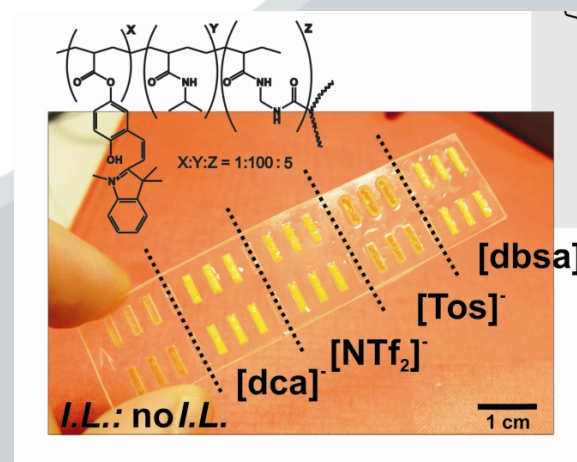
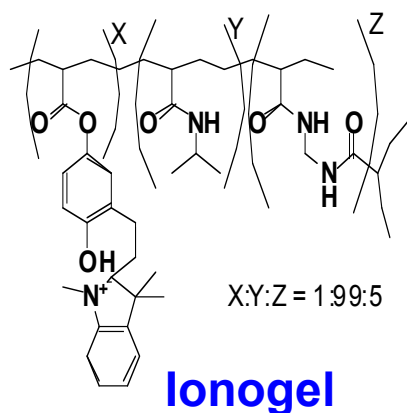
Combination of Ionogels and photo-responsive materials offers many advantages!!!!



# Preparation of photo-responsive ionogel



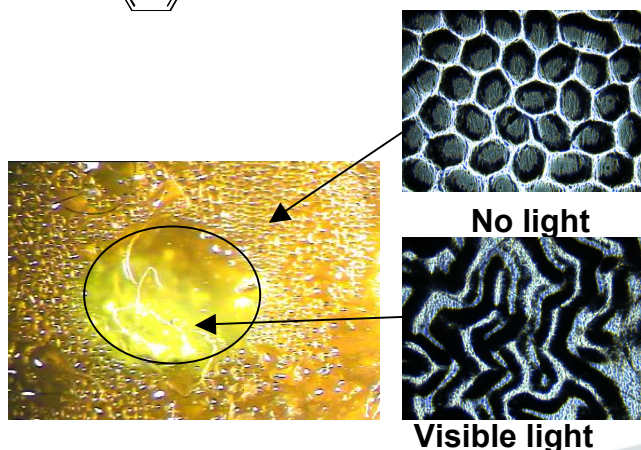
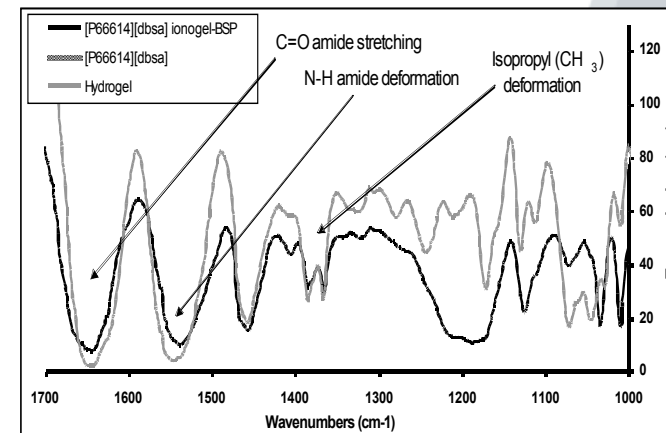
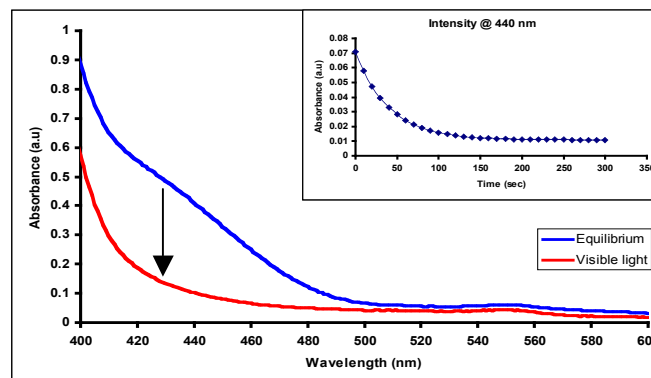
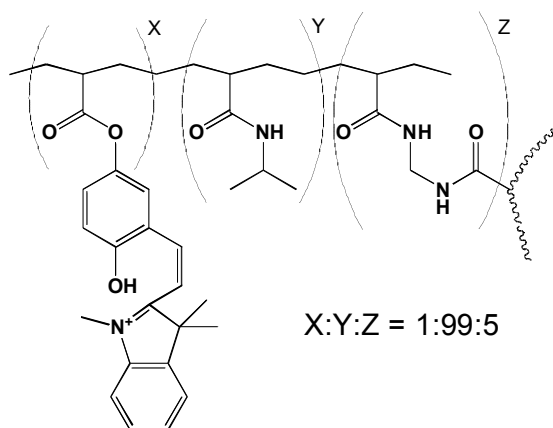
- 1) Ionic Liquid Photo-Initiator
- 2) 365 nm Irradiation 10 mins
- 3) 1mM HCl



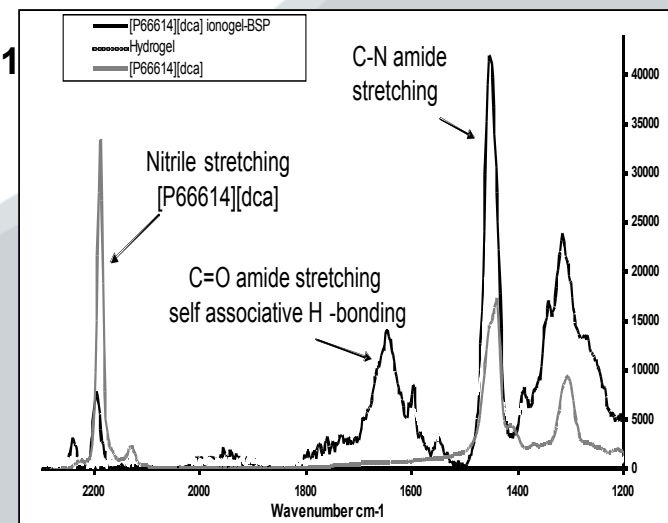
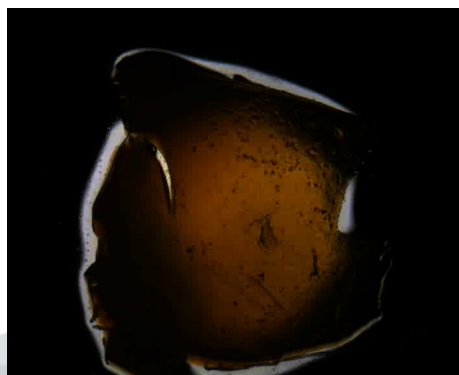
Byrne, *Biosens & Bioelec*, 2010 (accepted)

# Photo-responsive ionogel properties

- Photo-polymerization takes place in ionic liquid matrix.
- Ionogels have different chemical and photo-physical properties due to ions within the gel.

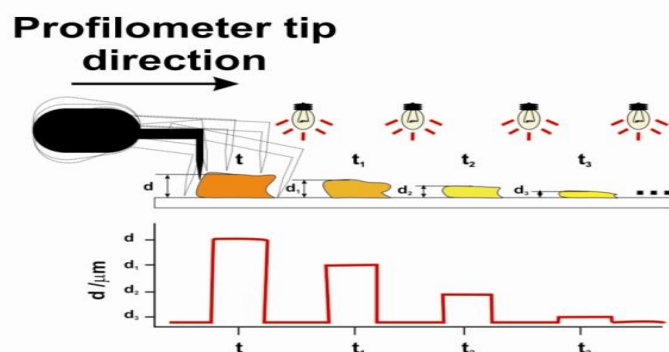
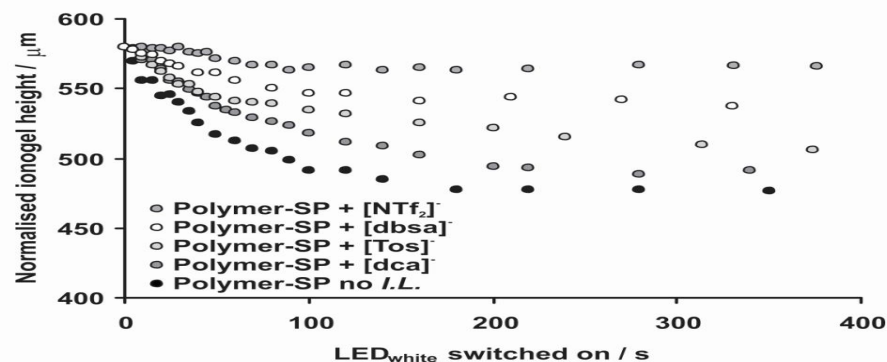
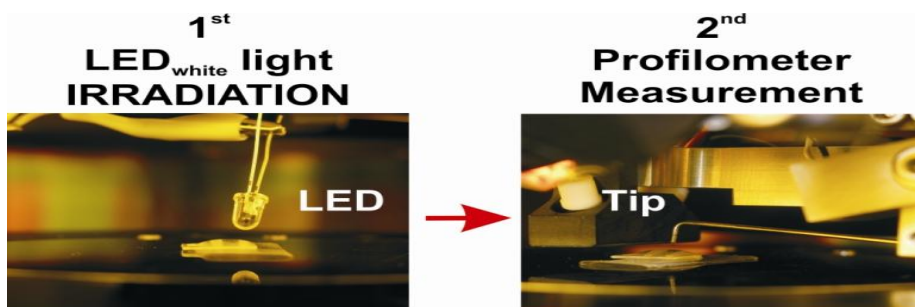


**Spectroscopic analysis**  
Rate constant =  $2.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$



R. Byrne, Material Research Society, Adaptive materials, **2009**, (NN) 1071.  
F. Benito-Lopez, ECS transactions **2009**, 19 (6) 199-210.

# Physical characterisation of ionogel



All measurements at 25°C

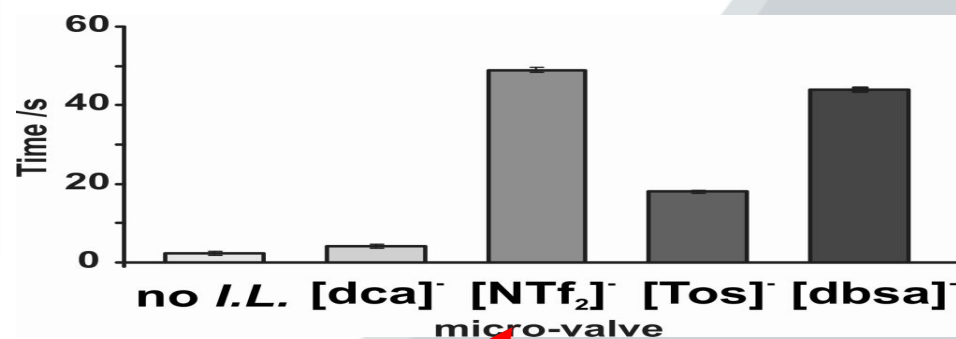


Table 1 Axial stiffness, ultimate tensile strength (UTS) and elongation at break values for the ionogels

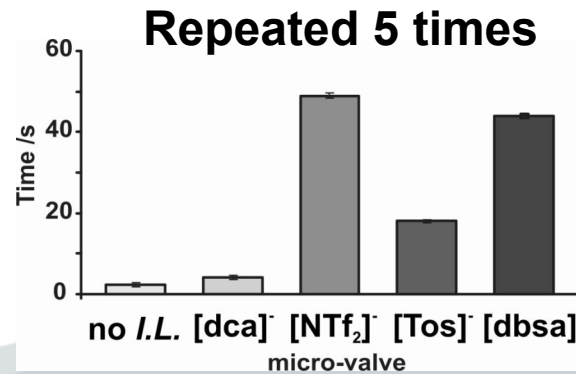
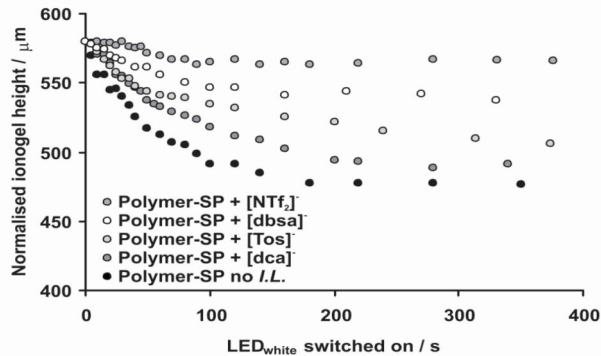
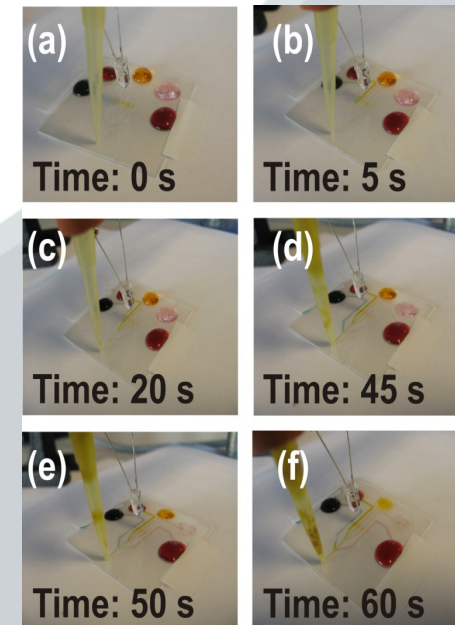
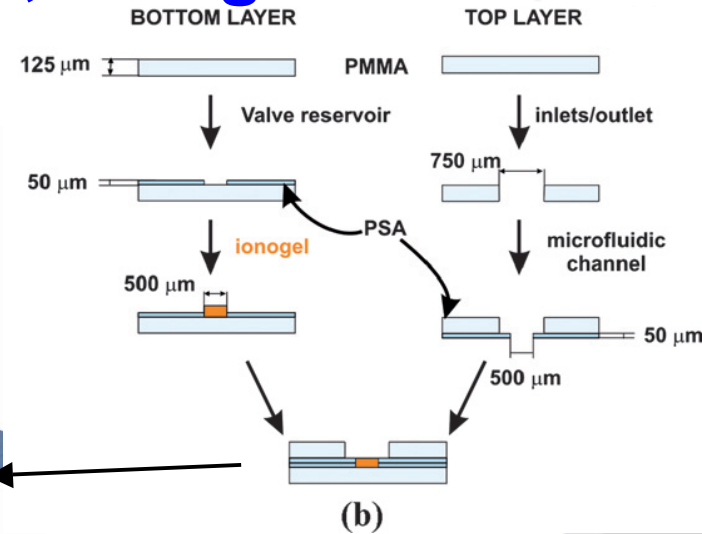
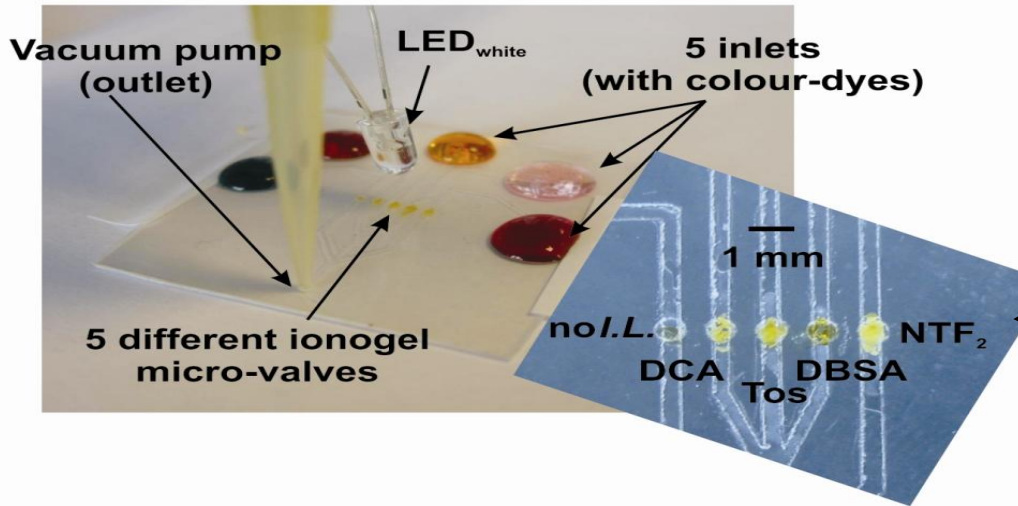
Ionogel	Axial stiffness/ $\text{N mm}^{-1}$	UTS/MPa	Elongation at break (%)
[dbsa] <sup>-</sup>	0.1713	0.12	187.19
No I.L.	0.0493	0.08	65.910
[tos] <sup>-</sup>	0.0187	0.02	545.48
[dca] <sup>-</sup>	0.0149	0.02	131.53
[NTf <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>-</sup>	2.9340	0.22	68.210

**Correlation between stiffness and actuation behaviour**





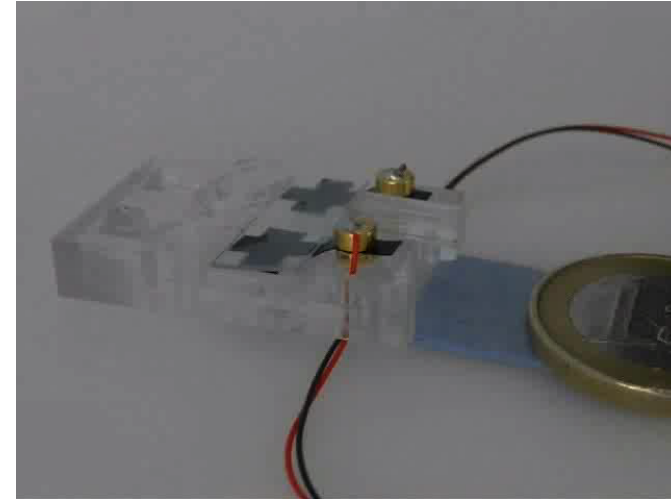
# Multiple valves on one chip, using one actuation source!



F. Benito-Lopez, *Lab on a Chip* 2010, 10, 195-201.

# Conclusions

- **Great potential for platforms capable of sophisticated multi-functional behaviour**
  - Pumping
  - Valving
  - Predetermined delivery functions
- **Materials must reliably perform functions comparable to conventional devices**



# Acknowledgements



- **DCU**
  - Dermot Diamond
  - Fernando Benito Lopez
  - Simon Coleman
  - NCSR and CLARITY
- **Tyndall**
  - Damien Thompson
- **Cytec Industries**
  - Al Robertson





Thanks for listening!

