Demonstrating the Performance of a Real-Time Optical Colorimetric Sensing Device for Monitoring the Marine Environment

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Introduction:
The research objective is to develop a cost-effective event detection sensing system to inform targeted sampling by traditional means and act as a decision support tool. The Optical Colorimetric Sensor (OCS) uses an array of LEDs to detect change in water coloration and alert to events. A prototype comprises the following features: an LED array light source, photodiode detectors, robust deployable design, GSM communication and antifouling measures. The system has been evaluated using laboratory and field measurements. The system is robust and deployable in the aquatic environment. The OCS shows potential to detect events in the environment due to a pollution.

Monitoring aquatic environments is necessary to ensure their sustainability and health. Key research drivers are European directives such as the Water Framework Directive, the Bathing Water Directive and the Marine Strategy Framework Directive. The inherent optical properties (IOP), such as colour can be related to biological content of environmental waters. Fig.1 shows a red tide, commonly caused by Karenia brevis and Alexandrium [3]. Fig. 2 shows a green tide, commonly caused by Cyanobacteria [4].

Initial testing:
Initial responses studies were studied using a series of concentrations of food dyes in tap water (v/v), analysis of environmental samples (Marine and freshwater) were then performed.

Results:
Figures 5 & 6 show the system response (per LED) to concentrations of red dye (Ponceau 4R E124), and green dye (Tartrazine E102, Green S E142) in tap water. The percentage attenuation refers to the reduction in light transmission through the sample from a baseline of transmission in tap-water. The system demonstrates sensitivity to dye concentration and colour. A clear differentiation between environmental samples is illustrated in Figure 7.

Conclusion:
• The OCS shows promising results for marine environmental applications.
• Prototype 2 system is robust and deployable in the aquatic environment.
• OCS shows potential to detect events in the environment.

This Beaufort Marine Research Award is carried out under the Sea Change Strategy and the Strategy for Science Technology and Innovation (2006-2013), with the support of the Marine Institute, funded under the Marine Research Sub-Programme of the National Development Plan 2007–2013.

References: