

Facilitating Active Learning in the classroom

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Background

- Strength of Materials 1, core module for 2nd year Mechanical Engineering (n=47)
- Exam statistics and interaction with students indicates a lack of understanding of fundamental concepts
- What can be done?

Learning Styles

Felder/Silverman model

- Active/Reflective
- Sensory/Intuitive
- Visual/Verbal
- Sequential/Global

Active and Reflective Learners

- Active learners learn by doing/talking

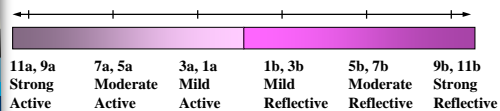


- Reflective learners think things through



Measuring Learning Styles

- Index of Learning Styles (ILS)

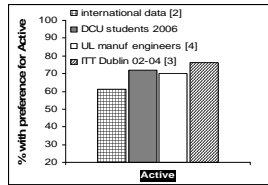


Engineers' Learning Styles

- Active or Reflective ?

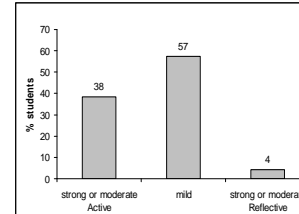


Results : Learning Styles



DCU students Learning Style in the Active/Reflective dimension, compared with other studies of engineering students (DCU, n=46)

Results: Learning Styles



Strength of Preferences for DCU students (n=46)

Teaching Styles

- Mismatch of learning and teaching styles



- What needs to be changed ?

Matching teaching and learning

- Traditional Course:
2hr lecture, 1 hr tutorial and 3 x 3hr lab
- 2006/2007 segmented approach
20 min lecture and 20 minute tutorial mix
- Students encouraged to ask and respond to questions
active sessions
- Step by step approach to tutorial problems

Methodology

- Class Discussion and Workshop
- Classroom Observation
- Questionnaires (Surveys on Moodle)
- Learning Journals (On Moodle)

Participation: Is it possible ?

- How many times will there be a contribution in your class ?
- Is it always the same student(s) ?

Observed Changes : Lecture

- Greater participation observed



- Week 1, only 1 question asked, 15 by week 10.
- Only 1 from 10 questions responded to in week 2, but all 20 in week 10.

Student Participation

- 75% said they contributed (50% in other modules) (n=36)
- 77% felt that subsequent discussion was helpful (n=36)
- Others did not contribute due to shyness or lack of understanding

Observed Changes: Tutorial

- Step by step- initial teething problems
some finished quicker than others
chatting
timing
- Student Grouping- not very effective
students tend to work with friends beside them

Student Response: Tutorial

- Likert Scale: 1, strongly disagree to 5, strongly agree. (n=36)

Question	Rate
Students tend to consult with other students on solving problems.	3.9
Students were invited to make suggestions for solution to the problem.	4.2
Breakdown of tutorial into small steps was helpful.	3.5
Tutorials helped in understanding.	3.7

Table 1: Students response after week 8.

Positive Outcome

- Classes were active, with lots of participation
- Need to manage this well
- How many names can you remember ?

5 ? 10 ? All ?

Study Patterns

- While half the students learned during the lectures, most of them studied in pre exam period.
- Surface learning as opposed to deep learning.



Exam Results

Year	No. of Students	Mean Result
2003	70	58%
2004	57	49%
2005	51	57%
2006	47	59%

- Mean slightly higher but not statistically significant.
- Certainly no detrimental effect.



Conclusions

- Mechanical engineers in DCU have strong preference for active learning.
- Students respond well to active participation, practise needed.
- Careful management of step by step approach is successful.
- Lecture room not suitable for grouping.
- 12 week period short for improved results.