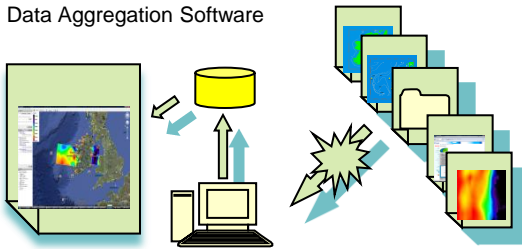


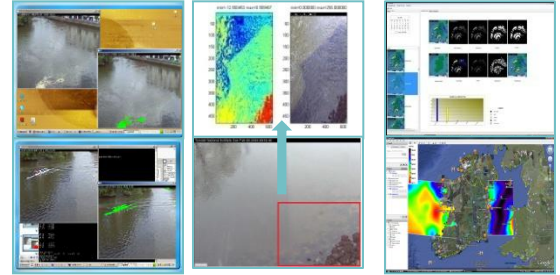
Introduction: This work identifies one or more coastal locations where visual sensing, through cheap and easily deployed web-cam type CCTV devices or satellite imagers, can be used to complement and enhance the usefulness of other sensors, in measuring and tracking some feature of a defined coastal location. This involves the capture and logging of visual surveillance information and aggregation with other data sources for defined locations. The output includes a software tool which gathers visual and other sensed information and a tool which allows a domain expert to study marine events through a multi-modal trust and reputation based event detection system.

Methods- Data collection and data processing

Data Aggregation Software



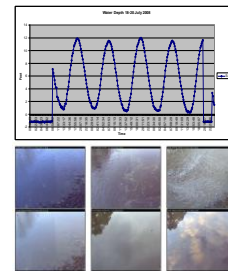
Visual Data Analysis Software



Data Collection - sampling sites and data sources

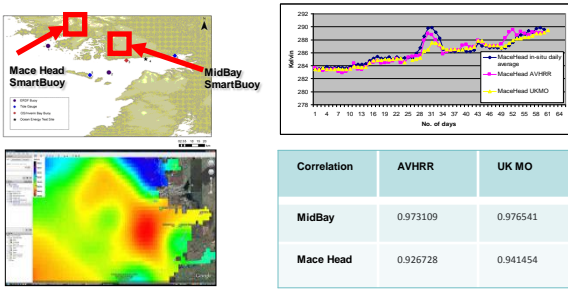
Data Stream	River Lee	Galway Bay	River Tolka
In-situ sensors	SmartCoast, Deploy	SmartBay, Tide Gauge Network, Irish Weather Buoy Network	
Visual/Satellite sensors	Camera at Lee Maltings site	HRDDS, MERIS, AATST, MODIS (currently batch aggregation)	Deployed Garden Watch Cam
Context information	Rainfall Radar Data	Rainfall Radar Data	Rainfall Radar Data
Identified possible future data streams	Further camera installations, publicly available weather and webcam data	Galway Bay web-cam, publicly available weather & web cam data	In-situ sensors, publicly available weather data

Results - River Lee Pilot Study



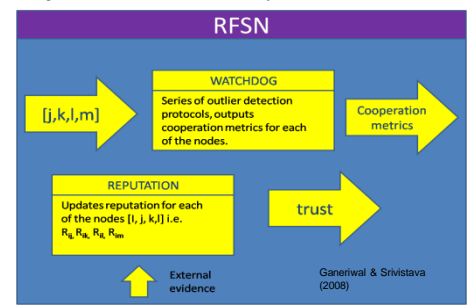
	C ₁	C ₂	C ₃
Classification Error	0.642	0.537	0.302
Classification Rate	0.467	0.732	0.750

Results - SmartBay Pilot Study

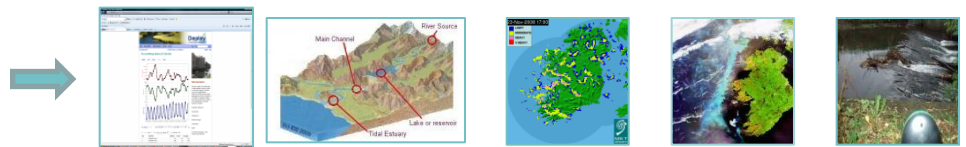


Correlation	AVHRR	UK MO
MidBay	0.973109	0.976541
Mace Head	0.926728	0.941454

Output tool - Trust and Reputation Framework



Linking modalities for improved event detection and adaptive sampling



This Beaufort Marine Research Award is carried out under the Sea Change Strategy and the Strategy for Science Technology and Innovation (2006-2013), with the support of the Marine Institute, funded under the Marine Research Sub-Programme of the National Development Plan 2007-2013. This work is also aided by Science Foundation Ireland under grant 07/CE/I1147.