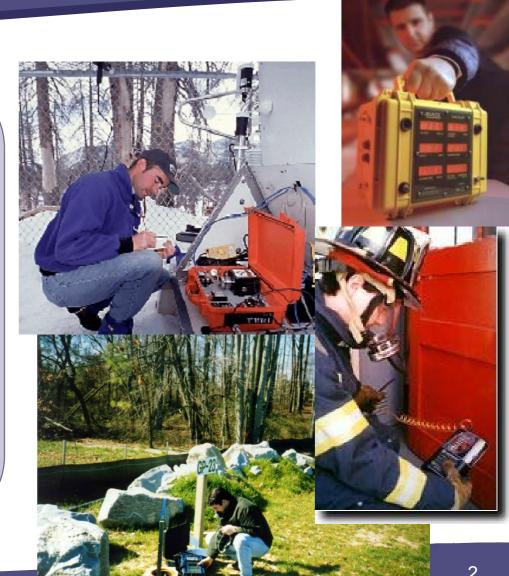






I.M. Pérez de Vargas-Sansalvador^a, C. Fay^b, T. Phelan^b, M.D. Fernández-Ramos^a, L.F. Capitán-Vallvey^a, D. Diamond^b, F. Benito-Lopez^b,

- Fast analysis
- Portable instrumentation
- Low cost
- Real-time analysis





Environmental Monitoring Active packaging and Modified-atmosphere technologies





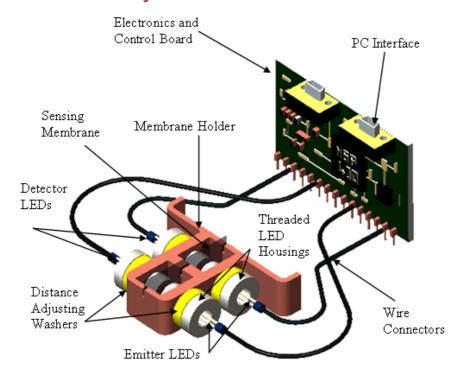
Pollution Control

Agro-food industry

Portable electronic system

*

Paired emitter-detector diode (PEDD) arrangement as a colorimetric chemical detection system.



Analytical signal



Discharge time (µs)

Mechanism

CO₂ Acidic properties

$$CO_2 + H_2O \rightarrow H_2CO_3 \rightleftharpoons HCO_3^- + H_3O^+$$

ion-pair

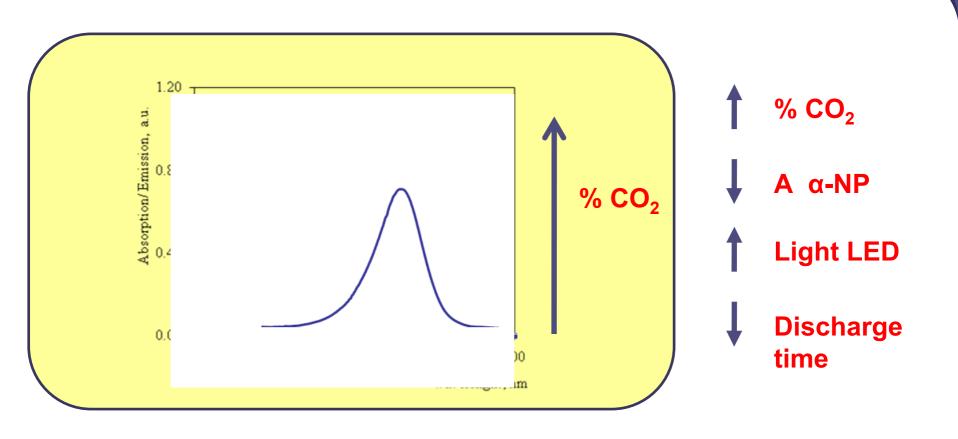
α-naphtholphthalein - tetraoctylammonium

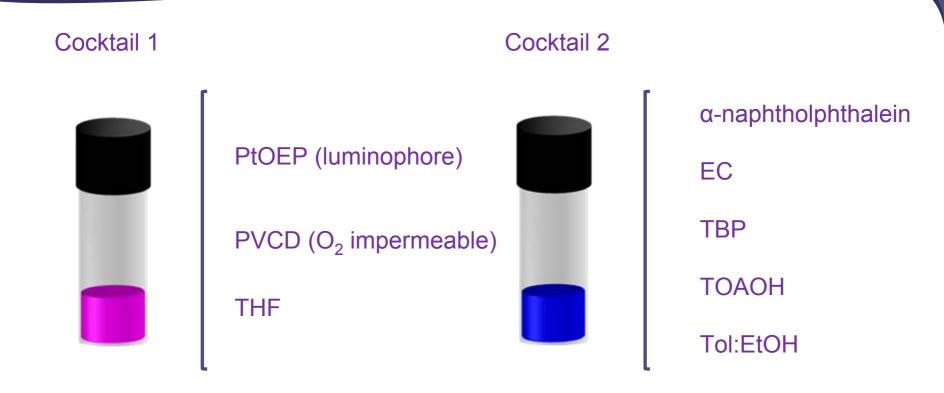
$$TOA^+N$$
 $\rightarrow xH_2O+CO_2 \stackrel{K}{\longleftrightarrow} TOA^+HCO_3^- \cdot (x-1)H_2O \cdot HN$



Deprotonated form α -naphtholphthalein

Protonated form α-naphtholphthalein





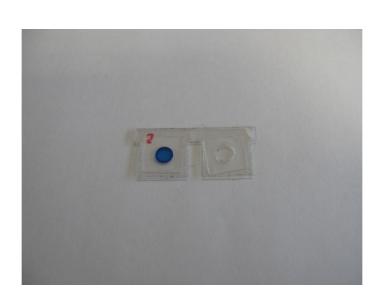
Configurations studied

Configuration 1

Opposite side configuration

Prevention degradation of PtOEP in the presence of TOAOH

Inner filter effect



Configuration 2

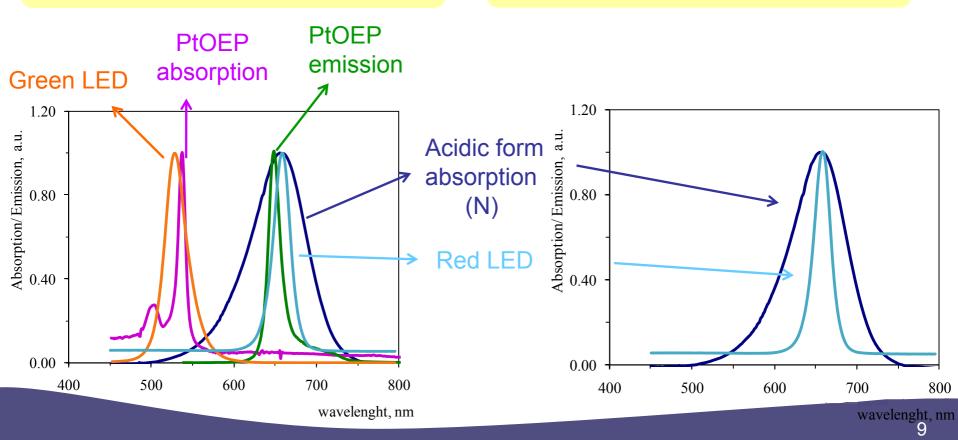
Elimination of cocktail 1 membrane

Simplification of the system

Membrane Cocktail 2

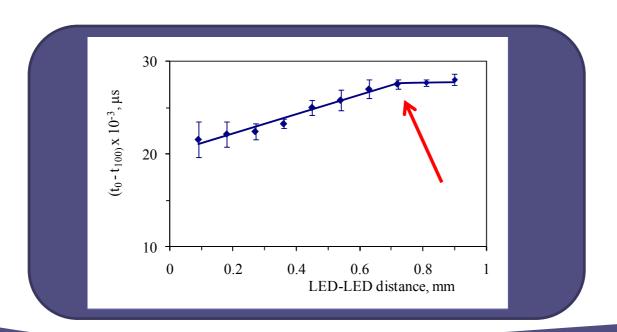
Configurations studied

Configuration 1



Distance LED-LED influence

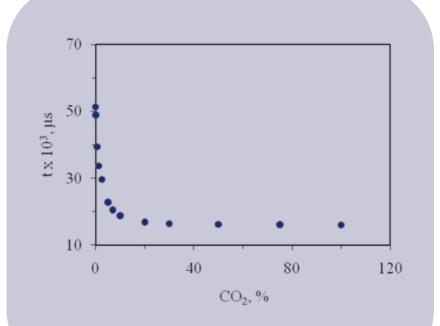
- To determine the optimum distance between LEDs tips
- Study of the response at different distances at pure N₂ and pure CO₂



Instrument response to carbon dioxide

Configuration 1

70 = 50 = 50 = 30 10 0 40 CO₂, %



Instrument response to carbon dioxide

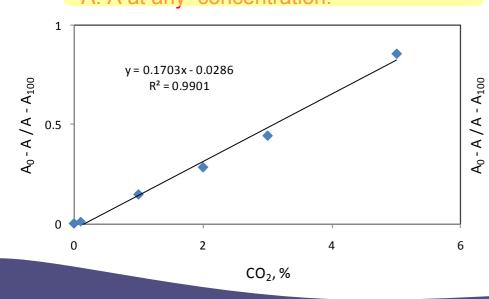
$$\frac{\left[TOA^{+}HCO_{3}^{-}\cdot(x-1)H_{2}O\cdot HN\right]}{\left[TOA^{+}N^{-}\cdot xH_{2}O\right]} = K\left[CO_{2}\right] = \frac{A_{0}-A}{A-A_{100}}$$

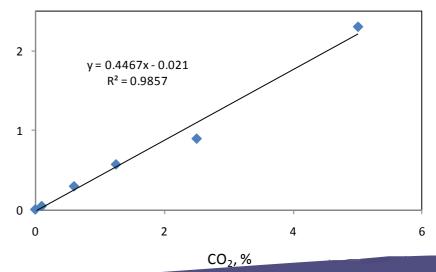
$$A = \log \frac{I^0}{I} = -\log \frac{t^0}{t}$$

A₀: A at 0 (deprotonated form)

A₁₀₀: A action figuration ated form)

to the absence of the indicator membrane to the indicator membrane to





Calibration function

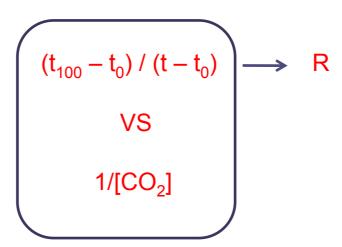
In order to linearise the response



Relative signal

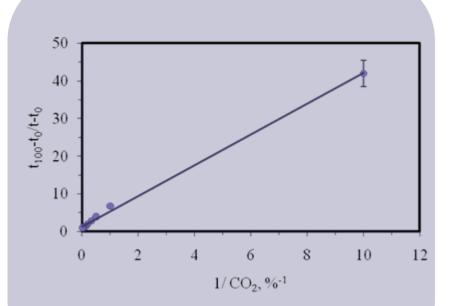
t₀: t at 100% N₂

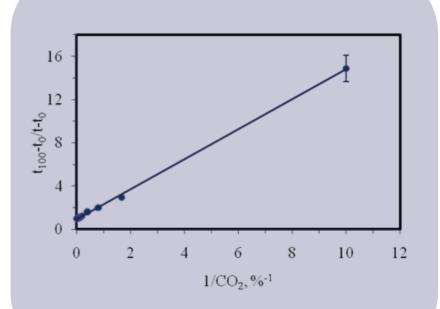
t: t at any % CO₂



Calibration function

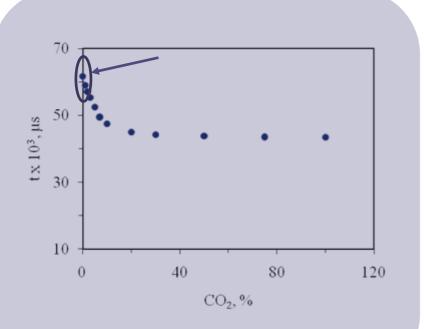
Configuration 1

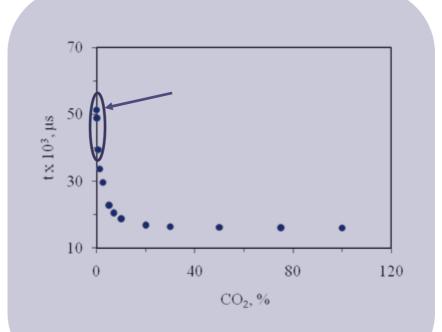




LOD

Configuration 1

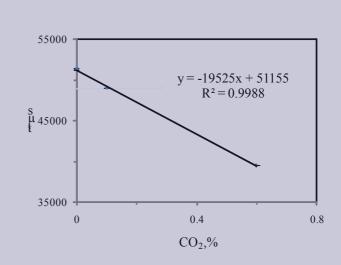




Limit of Detection

Configuration 1

70000 y = -3083.5x + 62541 $R^{2} = 0.9903$ 0.4 0.8 1.2 $CO_{2}\%$



Limit of Quantification





Calibration function

s₀: critical level

$$t_{LOQ} = t_0 - 10s_0$$

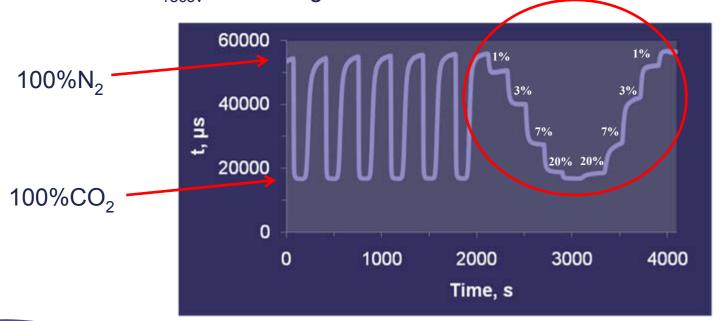
$$R_{LOQ} = \frac{t_{100} - t_0}{10s_0}$$

Comparison between both configurations

		t ₀ -t ₁₀₀ (μs)	Slope	LOD (%)	LOQ (%)
	Configuration 1	18,175	5.962	0.0082	5.86
>	Configuration 2	35,358	1.379	0.0066	2.67

Dynamic response

- Alternational at the spot proper contrations (10,3and 20% Gifts) gen
- ### The formal ethanegres Ower and ISO Pever situax in the sign at ethanegres ower and ISO Pever situax in the sign at each sis was not absented the office as we as the sign at the sign



 $t_{resp} 11.0 \pm 0.9 s$ $t_{recov} 55.3 \pm 4.8 s$

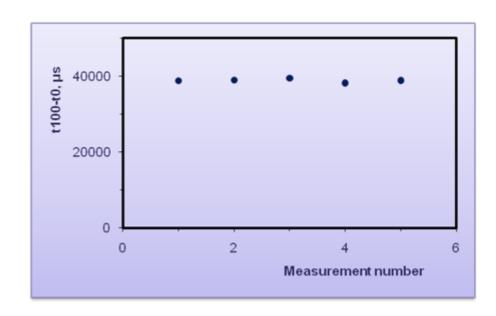
Precision of the system

Intra-day

Intra-day

Inter-day

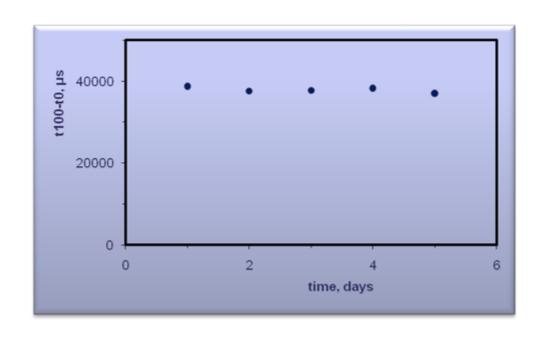
- ★ 5 measurements at 100% N₂ and 100% CO₂ using the same membrane
- * 45 minute intervals with 8 replicates each.
- **★** RSD 1.15%



Precision of the system

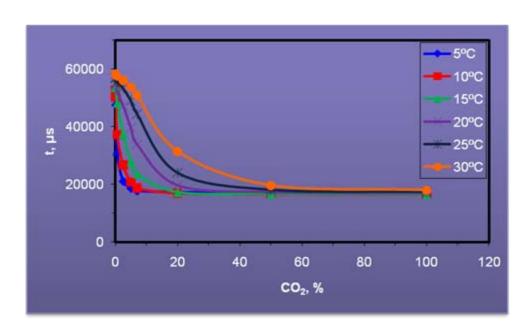
Inter-day

- ★ 5 measurements at 100% N₂ and 100% CO₂ using the same membrane
- ★ 5 days in a row
- **★** RSD 1.77%



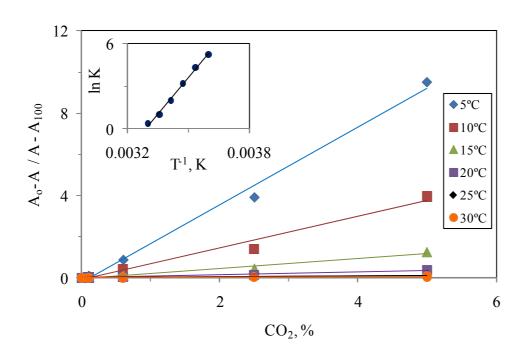
Temperature influence 5-30°C

- Considerable influence on the sensitivity of CO₂ sensors
- The slope decreases with increasing T



Temperature influence 5-30°C

- Model of T
- Δ G<0, that means that the reactions are spontaneous



 $\Delta H = -142 \text{ KJ/mol}$ $\Delta S = -208 \text{ J/mol} \cdot \text{K}$

Conclusions

- This system could form the basis of versatile handheld instrument for industrial applications
- Two configurations studied, the most sensitive was selected
- The sensing membranes were prepared on interchangeable supports to give an extra degree of freedom
- Complete analytical characterization with good results











Adaptive Sensors Group

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Thanks for your attention

Gracias!

