

## **Objectives**

- Develop mobile, wireless-enabled sensing system
- Mapping of conductivity, temperature, depth with high temporal and spatial resolution
- Conduct boat-based transects of Kinvarra bay in order to determine quantity of submarine freshwater inputs from north Galway karst system

# Background



- Karst system with series of turloughs
- 2 major freshwater inputs to Kinvarra Bay





# Problem





- Intertidal freshwater inputs
- Flows cannot be easily gauged

# Previous sampling (TCD) Fixed point sampling using CTD Diver probes Previous sampling (TCD) Data from two previous deployments

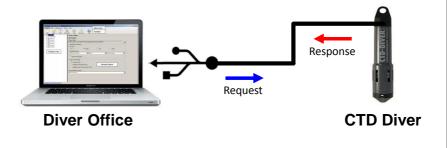
# **CDT** Diver integration

- Communications Protocol
- Management Application
- System Testing
- Hardware purchased
  - CTD Diver
  - Diver Gate & cable
  - Raspberry Pi system
  - €2,400 approx.



# Communications protocol

Protocol determined using Diver Office software



# **Management Application**

- Interface program
  - Written in Java
- CTD-PC
  - Extracts data from CTD Diver
    - Time stamp, conductivity, temperature, & depth
  - Sampling frequency controllable
    - e.g. 1 Hz or greater
- PC-GFT
  - Uploads data to GFT
  - Reporting period controllable

# System testing

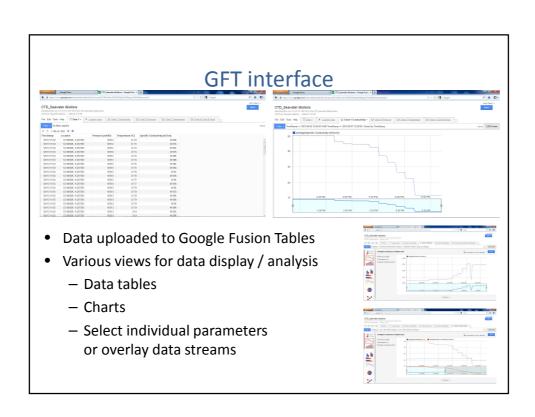
### (1)

- CTD Diver validated by comparison with Hach Lange HQ40d conductivity probe
- Conductivity standard, tap water, seawater (Clontarf)

### (2)

- Dynamic test using seawater dilutions
- Known volumes of tap water added at intervals
- Upload to Google Fusion Tables



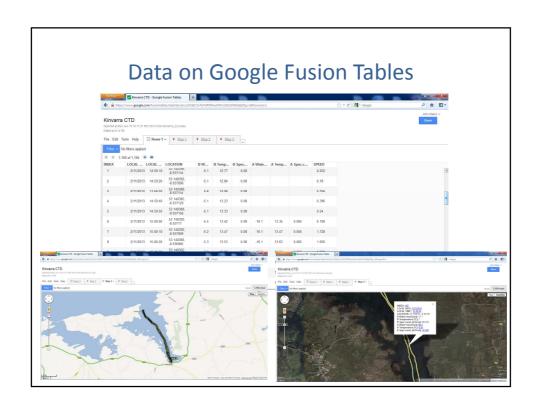


# Kinvarra deployment

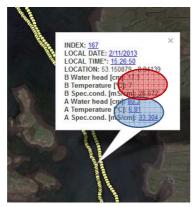
- 11 February 2013
- DCU, TCD and NUIM teams
- SmartBay provided hired rib & technical support
- GPS unit and 2 x CTD Diver used to perform longitudinal transects of Kinvarra bay
- Separate CDT Diver also deployed at fixed point
- Divers mounted at side of rib:
  - "Shallow B" sub-surface (0-50 cm)
  - "Deep A" approx 100 cm (outward); 200 cm (return)

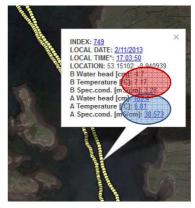
# Photos What is a second of the control of the cont





# Point comparisons

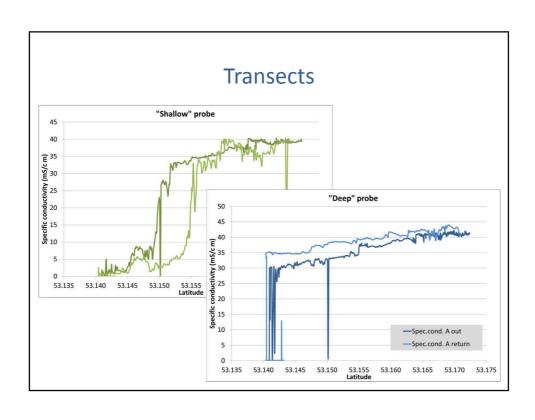


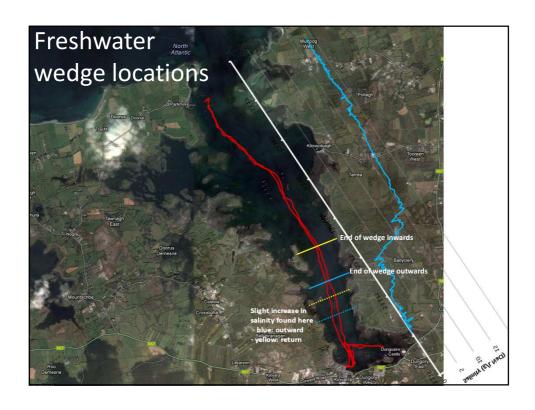


**Outward transect** 

Return

Significant decrease in conductivity of "shallow" probe indicates shift in position of freshwater wedge





# **Future Work**

- Kinvarra wireless availability:
  - − Calls and Texts ✓
  - GPRS / 3G ?
- Device
  - Encapsulation/packaging
  - Deployment scenario
  - Mounting



### **Conclusions**

- CTD probe enabled with communications capability using Raspberry Pi system
- Transect data collected at Kinvarra Bay and hosted on Google Fusion Tables
- System available for future deployments

# Acknowledgements



Marine Institute

- SmartBay
  - Paul Gaughan, Damien Glynn
- DCU project team
  - Thomas Phelan, Cormac Fay, Dermot Diamond
- TCD project team
  - Ted McCormack, Owen Naughton, Paul Johnston, Laurence Gill



