pH-induced shrinking and swelling of hydrogels based on copolymers of acrylic acid and acrylamide

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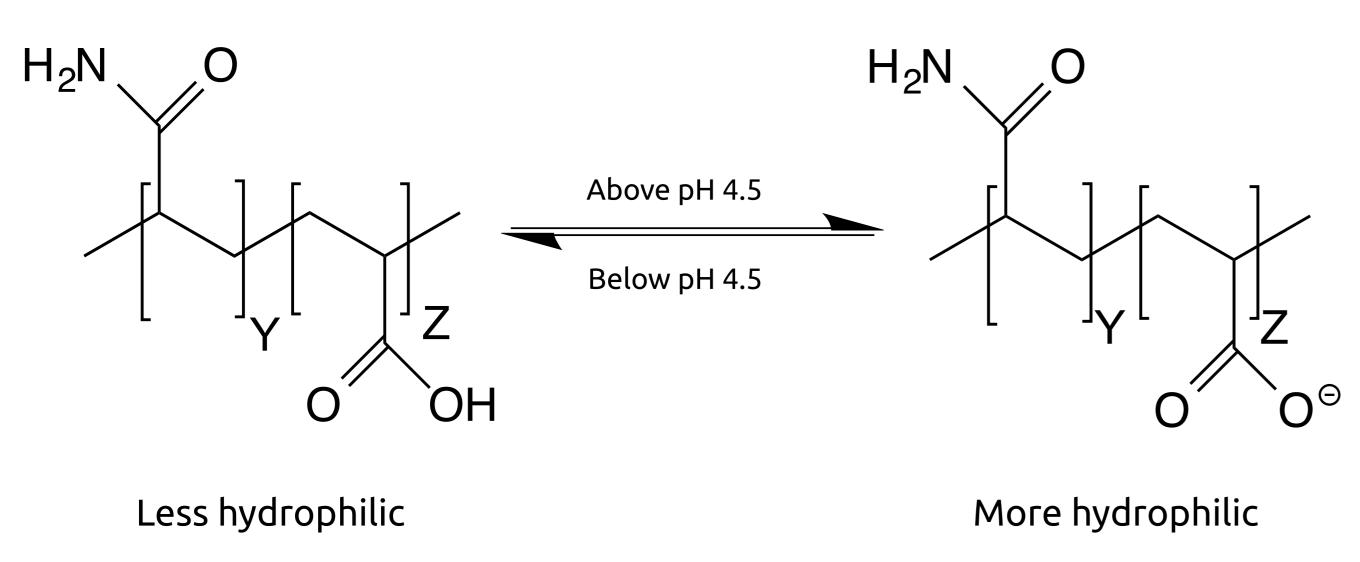


Introduction

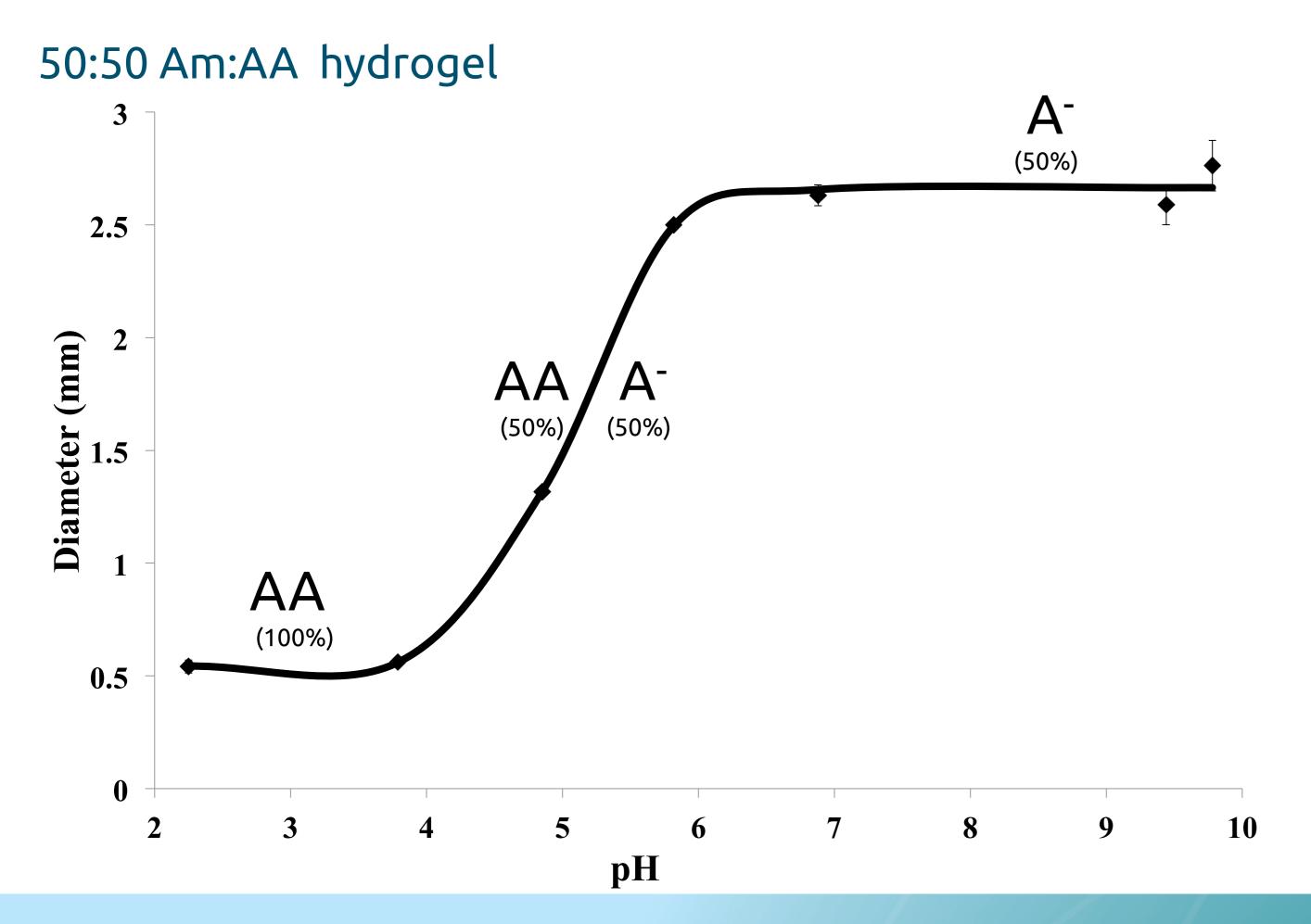
Hydrogels are three-dimensional polymeric networks that can absorb and retain large quantities of water in relation to their physical size. By incorporating stimuli-responsive units into the gel structure, hydrogels can be actuated by external stimuli such as photo, thermal, electro and pH, among others.

Herein, we demonstrate that the size and volume of a pH sensitive hydrogel based on acrylic acid (AA) and acrylamide (Am) can change when exposed to different pH environments. The pH responsive hydrogels that were developed used copolymers of AA and Am in different molar ratios 30:70, 50:50 and 70:30, respectively.

pH responsive hydrogels

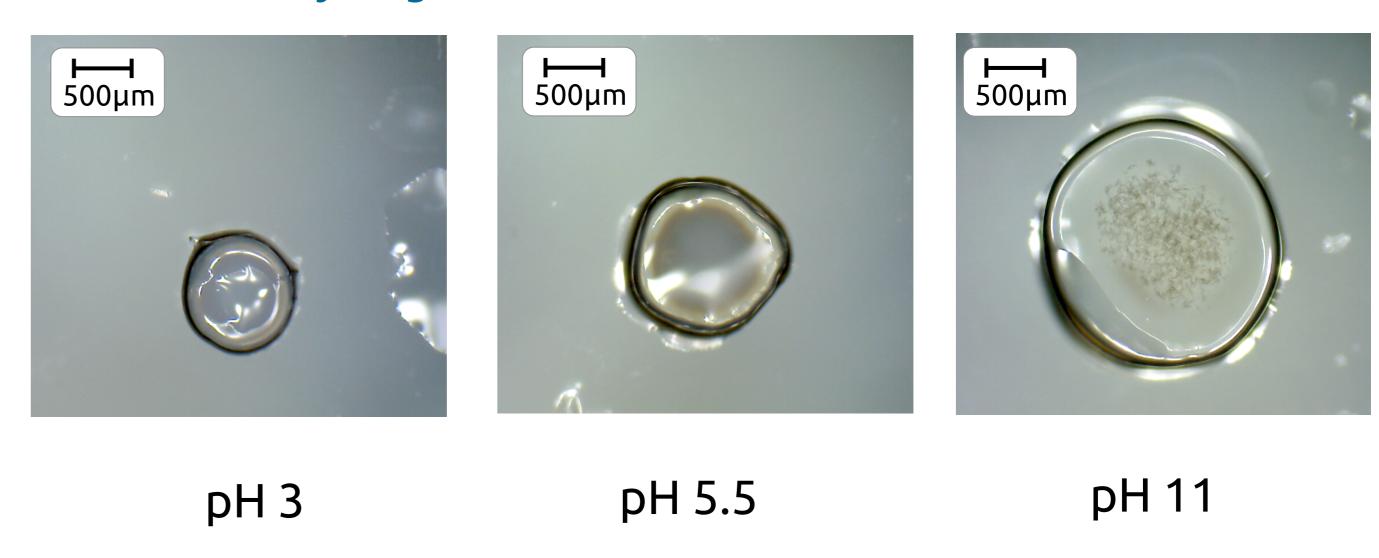


At pH above the pK_a of AA (pK_a~ 4.5) the AA dissociates to the more hydrophilic acrylate (A⁻) form triggering swelling of the hydrogel. In contrast, at pH < 4.5, the hydrogel contracts due to the formation of the less hydrophilic AA form in the polymer backbone, which triggers release of water from the gel.

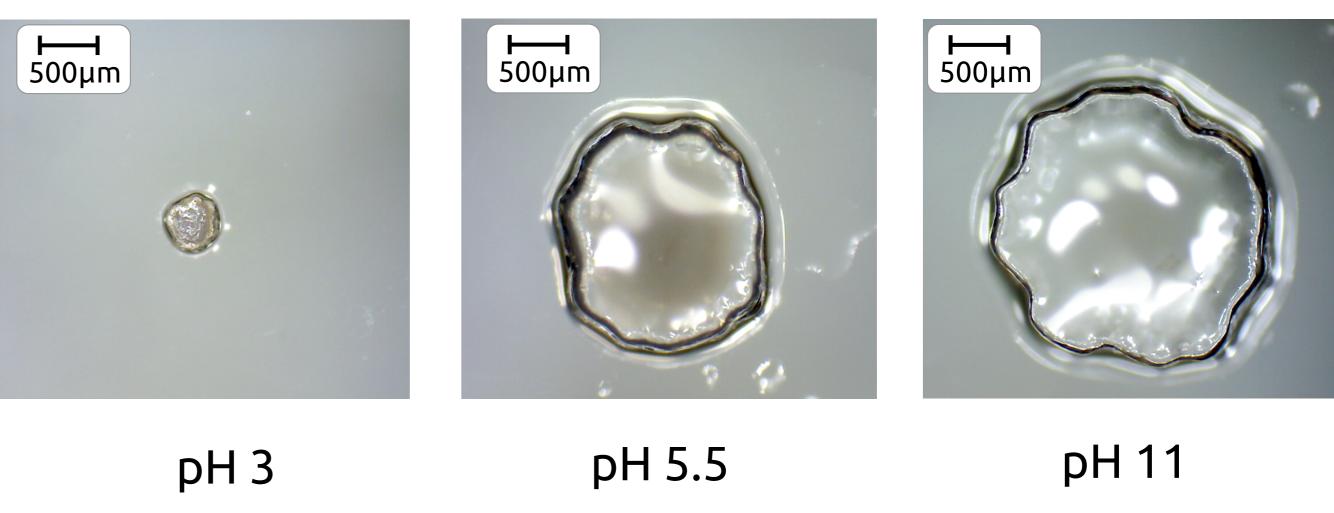


pH response

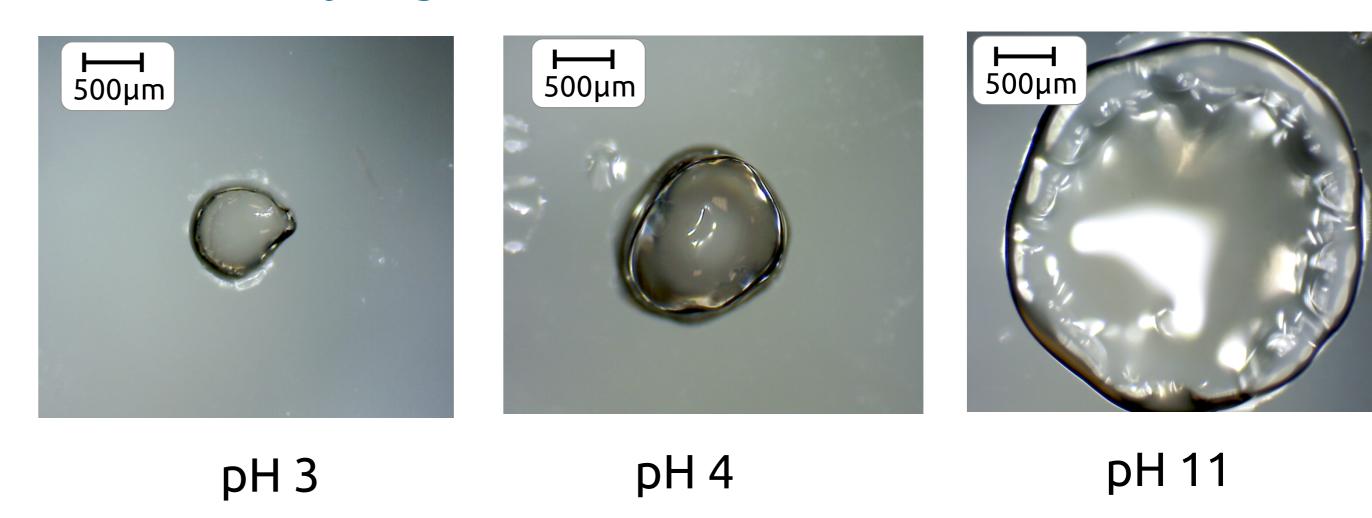
30:70 Am:AA hydrogel



50:50 Am:AA hydrogel



70:30 Am:AA hydrogel



Conclusions

pH responsive hydrogels based on p(AA-Am) have been developed with significant shrinking/swelling capabilities. The hydrogels with 50:50 molar ratio of Am:AA in the polymer backbone produced hydrogels with the highest relative pH response when compared with the other molar ratios. Successive changes of the solution pH showed that the pH-induced actuation is a reversible process with no detectable hysteresis.

Acknowledgements

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