Centre for Data Analytics



A Wearable Platform for Harvesting and Analysing Electrolyte content in Sweat

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Enterprise Ireland Project ID: IP2016504 'Next Generation Wearable Sensors for Monitoring Sweat Composition in Real-Time'

Insight Centre for Data Analytics



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MINISTER BRUTON LAUNCHES €88 MILLION SFI RESEARCH CENTRE, BRINGING NEW INSIGHTS TO DATA ANALYTICS

Insight, the Centre for Data Analytics, will position Ireland at the heart of global Data Analytics research

The largest investment in a single research centre in the history of the state

'Insight Centre for Data Analytics' Noticeboard

Biggest single research investment ever by Science Foundation Ireland

SFI Logo And Guidelines

12th December 2013: The Minister for Jobs, Enterprise and Innovation, Mr Richard Bruton T.D. and Minister for

Biggest coordinated research programme in the history of the state of a new Science Foundation

Focused on 'big data'

Media Gallery

The Centre will receive funding of €58 million from the Department of Jobs, Enterprise and Innovation through SFI's Research Centres Programme, along with a further contribution of €30 million from 30 industry partners. Insight represents a new approach to research and development in Ireland, by connecting the scientific research of Ireland's leading data analytics researchers with the needs of industry and enterprise.

Monitoring in Sweat

Why Monitor Sweat?

- Non Invasive
- Easily Accessible Bio Fluid
- Contains electrolytes (Sodium, Pottassium, Chloride)









- Dehydration
- Exercise associated hyponatremia (overhydration) in long distance athletes
- Cystic fibrosis (Abnormal levels of 90-120 mM compared to the standard 10-70mM) [1]





[2] Henry Browne/Action Images. Accessed September 2017 http://www.theguardian.com/lifeandstyle/2009/apr/02/project-marathon-running-injuries



^{2]}. Accessed August 2017 https://www.wsj.com/articles/ease-up-on-the-water-during-that-marathon-1424715632

Recent Advances in Wearable Sensing



Physiology, 111(7), pp.1391-1404.

SwEatch: Sweat Analysis

- SwEatch: A Wearable Platform for Harvesting and Analysing Sweat Sodium Content [1]
- Enterprise Ireland Funded project
- Na⁺ selective potentiometric sensing in a fully integrated platform
- Platform to be further developed to analyze a variety of electrolytes and other relevant analytes.
- Collaboration between
 - Insight Centre of Data Analytics, DCU
 - ARC Centre of Excellence for Electromaterials Science (ACES), Australia
 - Shimmer, DCU Innovation Campus

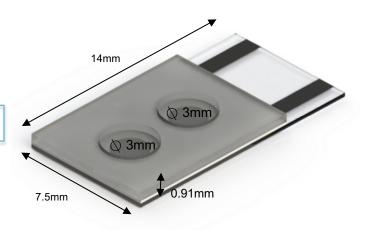
^[1] Glennon, T., O'Quigley, C., McCaul, M., Matzeu, G., Beirne, S., Wallace, G. G., ... & Diamond, D. (2016). 'SWEATCH': A Wearable Platform for Harvesting and Analysing Sweat Sodium Content. Electroanalysis.

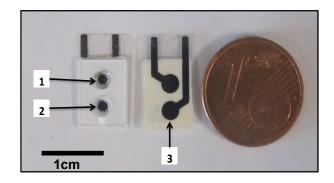
Electrode Development

Design and Fabrication Na⁺ Electrode

PET Substrate Screen Printed Conductive Carbon Ink layer Dielectric insulating Ink PEDOT Transducing Layer **PMMA Gasket** Polymeric Electrode Membrane

Render of the the ISE electrode



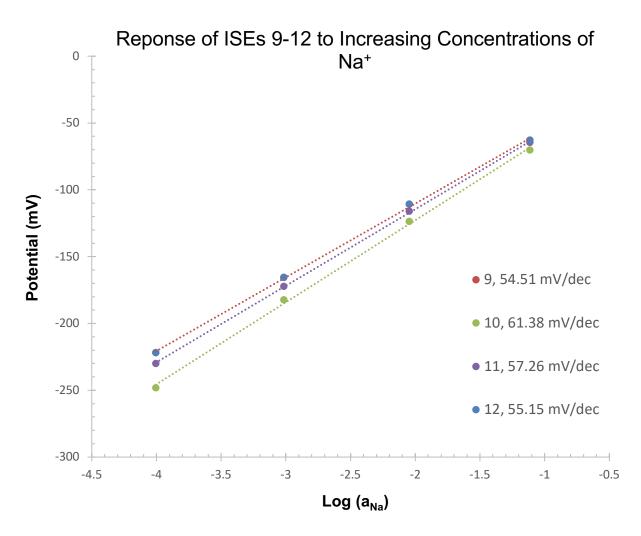


- 1. The Ion Selective Electrode (ISE)
- 2. The reference electrode (RE)
- 3. The screen-printed conductive carbon layer.

Electrode Development

Calibration/Conditioning

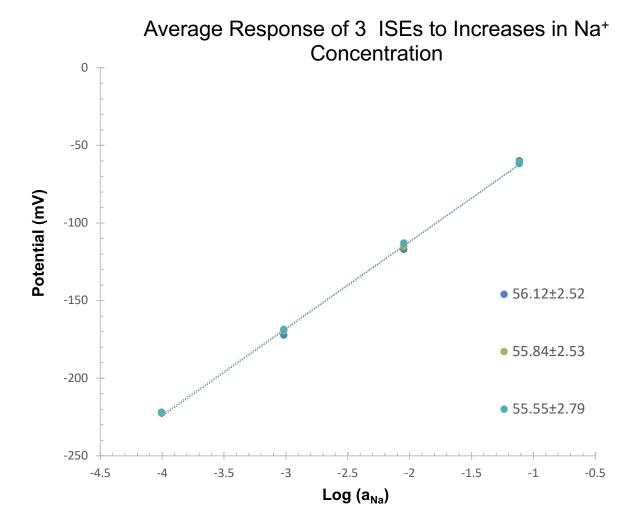
- Comparison of electrochemical response of electrodes
- Four point calibration of 4
 ISEs showing ion sensitivity
 after 2 hour conditioning
 time in 0.01 M NaCl
- All electrodes display a near Nernstian response to Na⁺ in the range 1x10⁻⁴ M – 1x10⁻¹ M



Electrode Development

Electrode Reproducibility

- Four point calibration of 3 combination electrodes
- Each calibration carried out in triplicate (n = 3)
- All electrodes display near Nernstian response



Wearable Platform

1 2 3 4 5

Watch Platform





Pod Platform



- 1. 3D printed housing
- 2. Lithium battery
- 3. Custom-built electronics with wireless communication (Shimmer)
- 4. 3D printed mount with silicon inner seal to house the sweat harvester
- 5. 3D printed sweat harvesting device and microfluidic chip with integrated sensor

Fluidic Platform

3D Printed Fluidic Platform

Render of Fluidic

Platform



Picture of Fluidic Platform

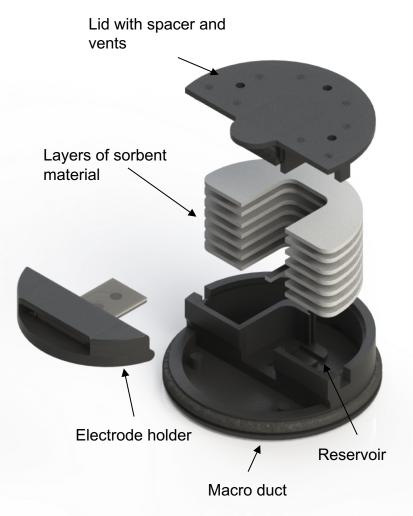


Render of reservoir



Picture of reservoir



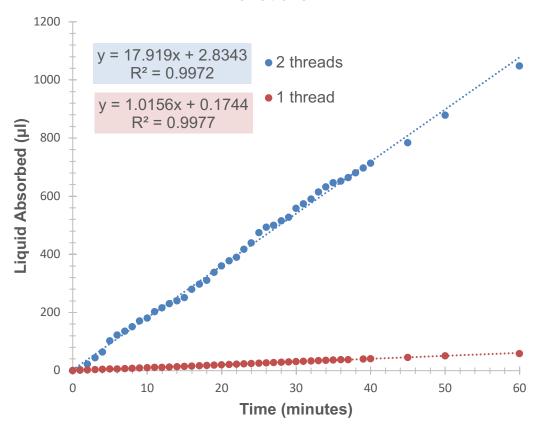


Fluidic Testing

3D Printed Fluidic Platform

- Control Flow Rate by altering thread number
- Flow Rate ~ 1 µl/minute (1 wicking thread)
- Not realistic as flow is too slow to see change in response from electrode
- Flow rate: ~17 μl/minute
 (2 wicking threads)
- Capacity reached after 2.5 Hours

Comparison of Flow Rates From Different Thread Variations

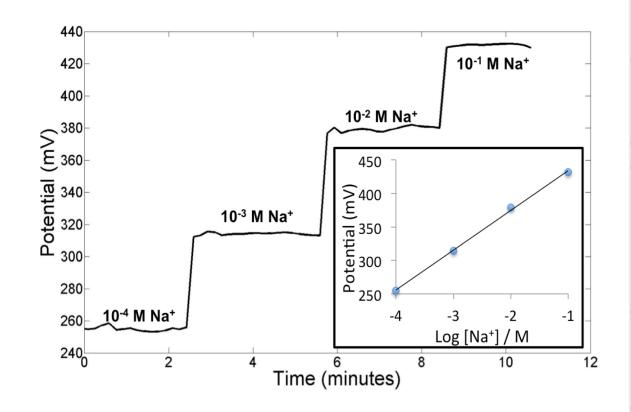


Plot of Liquid Uptake vs. Time for 3D printed platform with changing number of threads, 1cm

Sensor Calibration on Platform

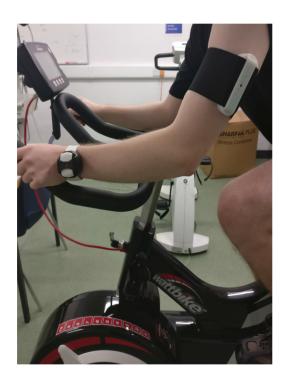
Electrode Integrated

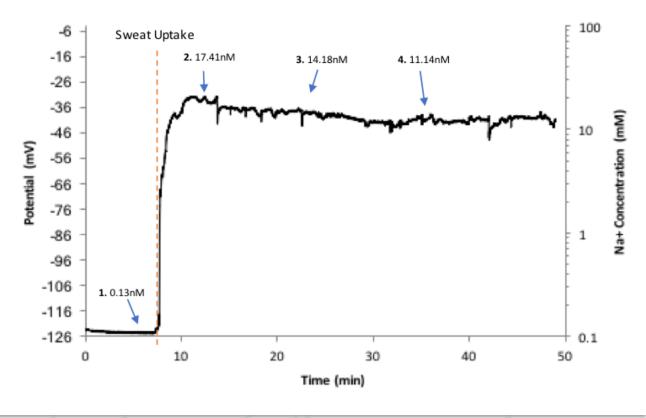
- Calibration of a Na⁺
 ISE and RE output
 signal using the
 Shimmer board, giving
 a slope of 56.98mV
 and an R² value of
 0.99.
- Calibrated in the 3D fluidic Platform



On-Body Trials

- Subject 1: Male
- Age: 26
- Absolute VO_{2 Max} :4.2L/min
- Relative VO_{2 Max}:50.8mL/kg/min
- On body trials carried out with excercised induced perspiration.
 - Successfully monitored Na⁺ levels for periods ranging from 7-50 min.

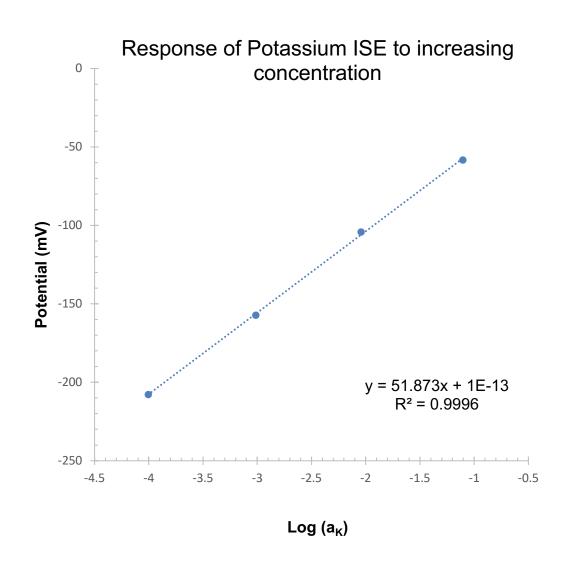




Potassium ISE Development

Calibration/Conditioning

- Comparison of electrochemical response of electrode
- Four point calibration of Potassium ISE showing ion sensitivity
- Electrode display's a near Nernstian response to K⁺ in the range 1x10⁻⁴ M – 1x10⁻¹ M
- Each Calibration carried out in triplicate (n=3)



Future Work

- Larger scale trials to fully study Na⁺ concentrations in sweat during exercise
- Incorporate detection for other analytes such as K⁺
- Improve design to maximise contact with skin and minimise device size



Conclusions

Successfully developed a fully integrated platform which can:

- Harvest sweat from a pre-selected location
- Transport the sweat from the skin to electrodes to measure
 Na⁺ concentration
- Collect the sweat in an in-device storage area for post-trial analysis
- Make the measured data available in real-time using Bluetooth wireless connectivity

Acknowledgements

- Adaptive Sensors Group in particular Dr. Margaret McCaul, Dr. Adam Porter, Ruairi Barrett, Prof. Dermot Diamond
 - Prof Gordon Wallace and his group in ACES, IPRI, University of Wollongong
 - Paddy White and everyone at Shimmer
 - Enterprise Ireland

