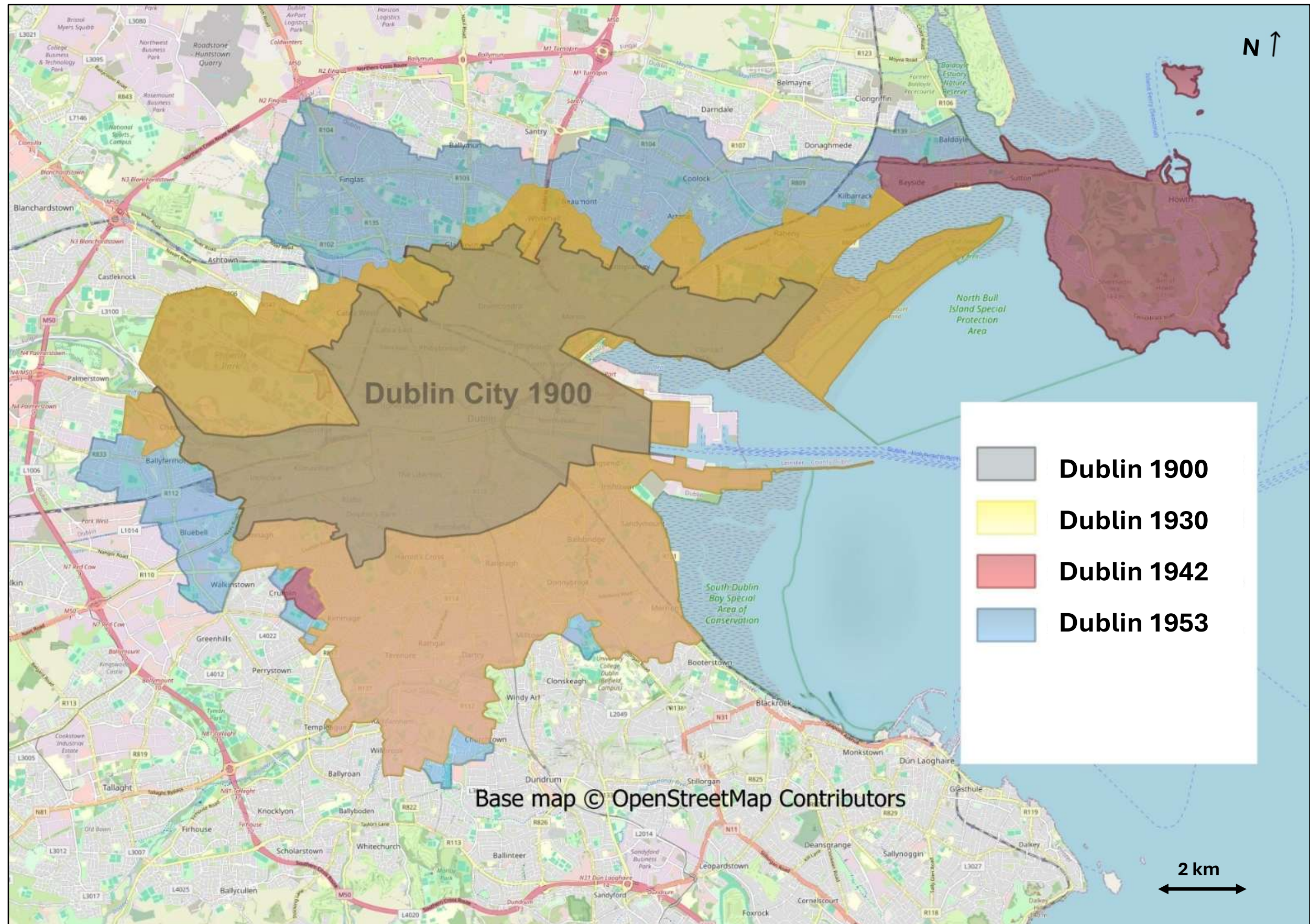




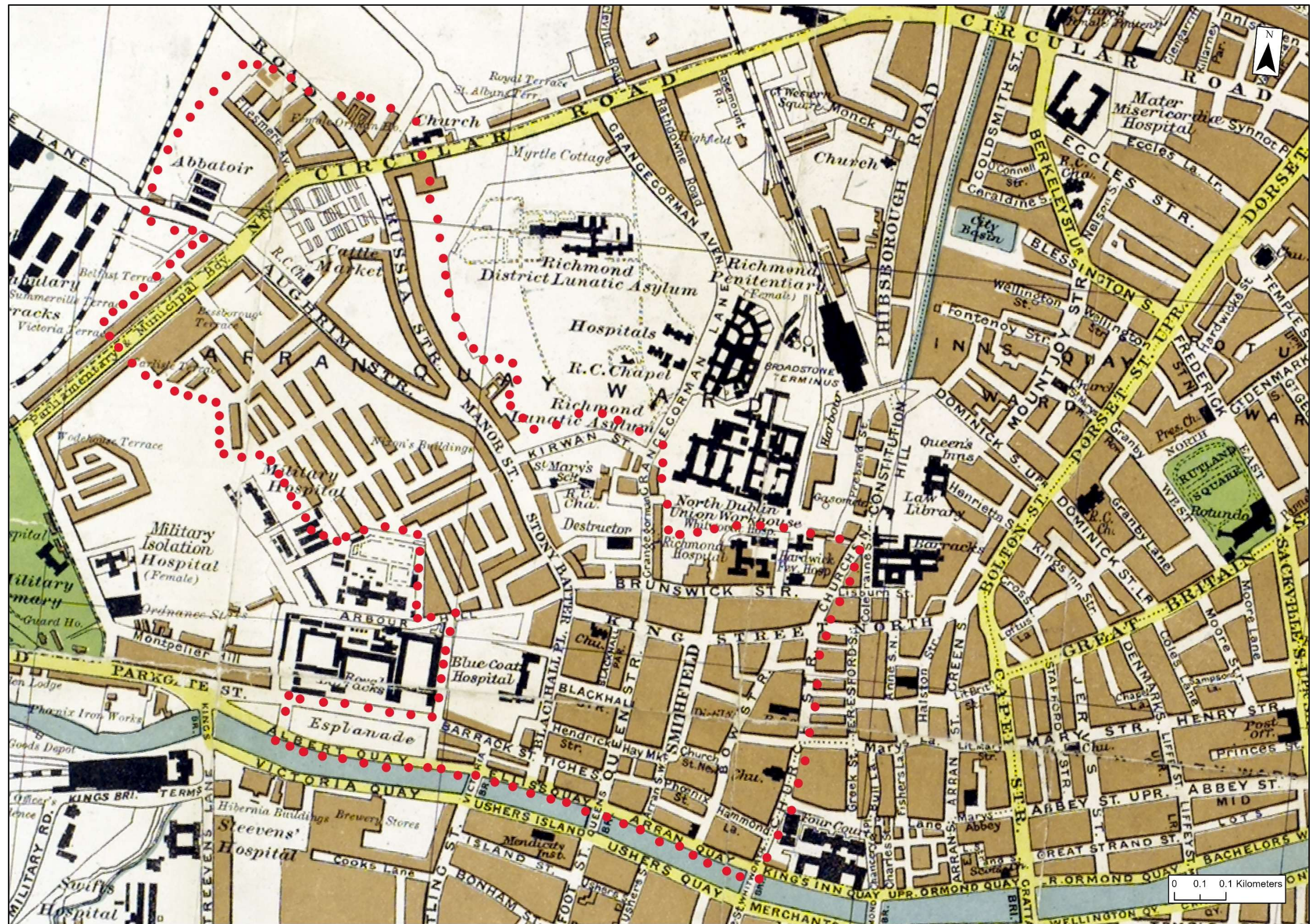
Map 1: New plan of Dublin city and suburbs by G W Bacon and Company, 1914. Courtesy of the American Society Digital Map Collection.





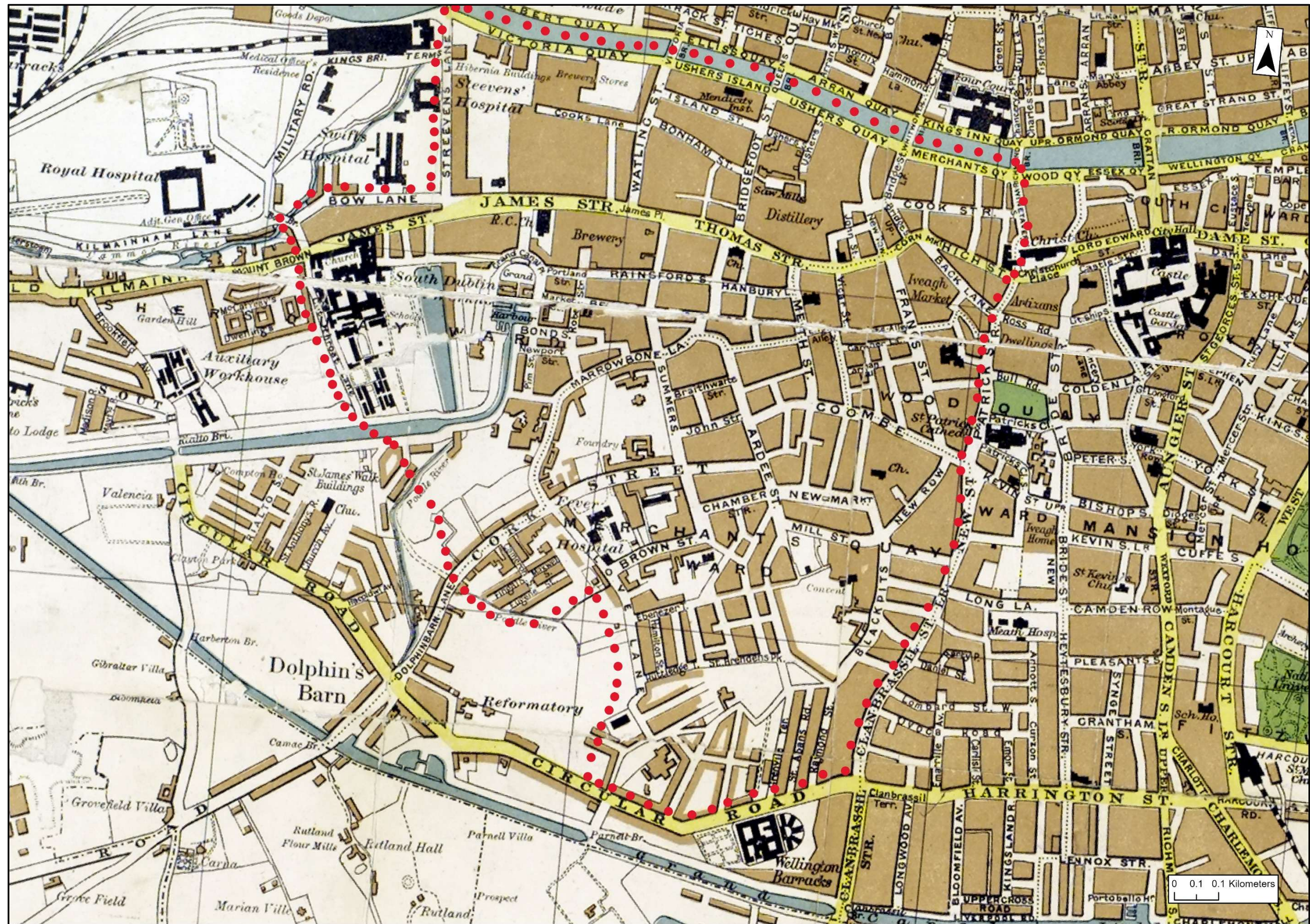
Map 2: Dublin City's changing boundaries between 1900 and 1953. Courtesy of Brian Hollinshead, DublinHistoricMaps.com.





Map 3: Focus area one - Stoneybatter/Smithfield (highlighted in red) in Dublin's north city in 1914.





Map 4: Focus area two - the Liberties (highlighted in red) in Dublin's south city in 1914.





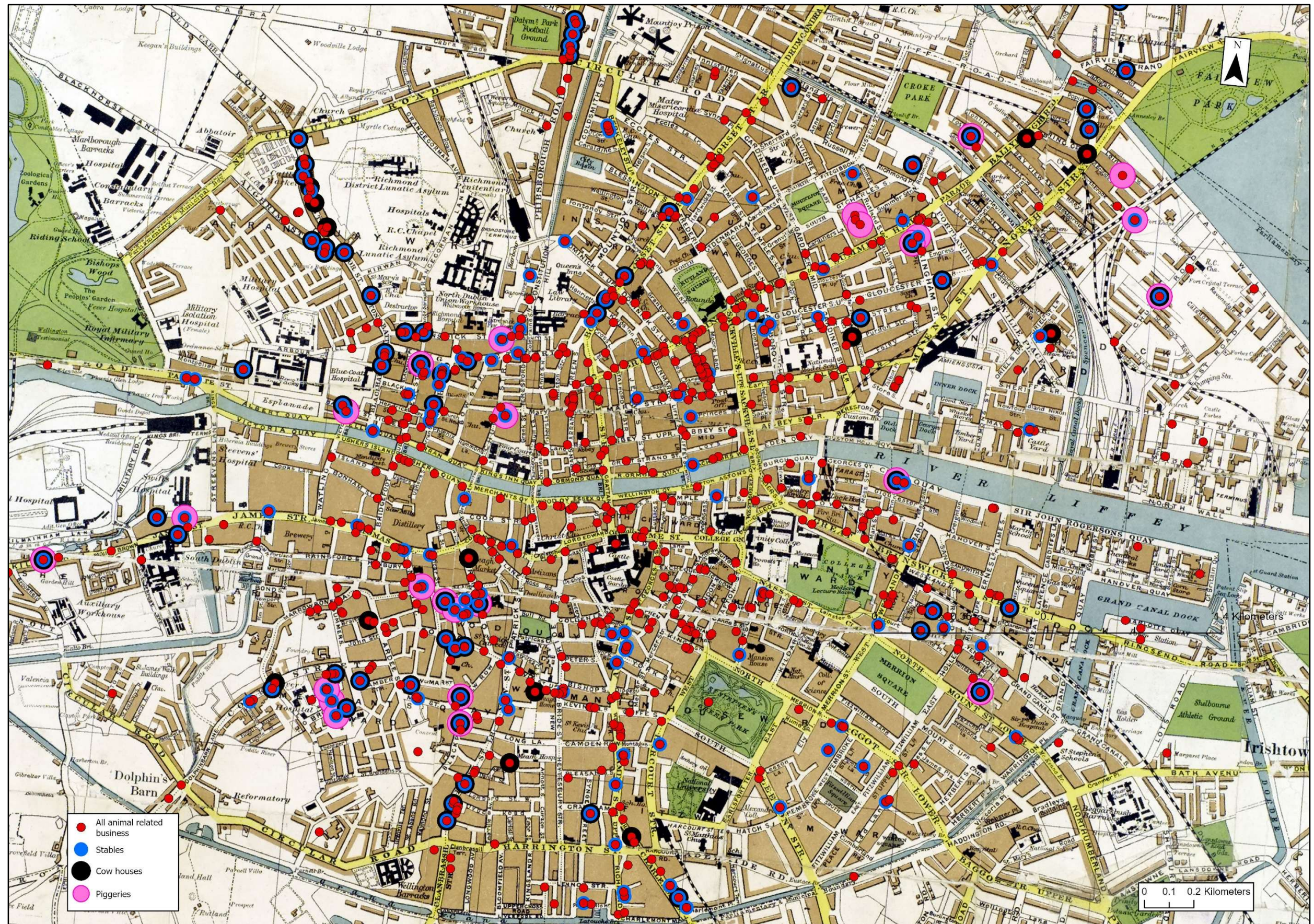
Map 5: Location of 782 animal-related businesses in Dublin City in 1910 as listed in Thom's Street Directory. Some locations were home to multiple businesses.





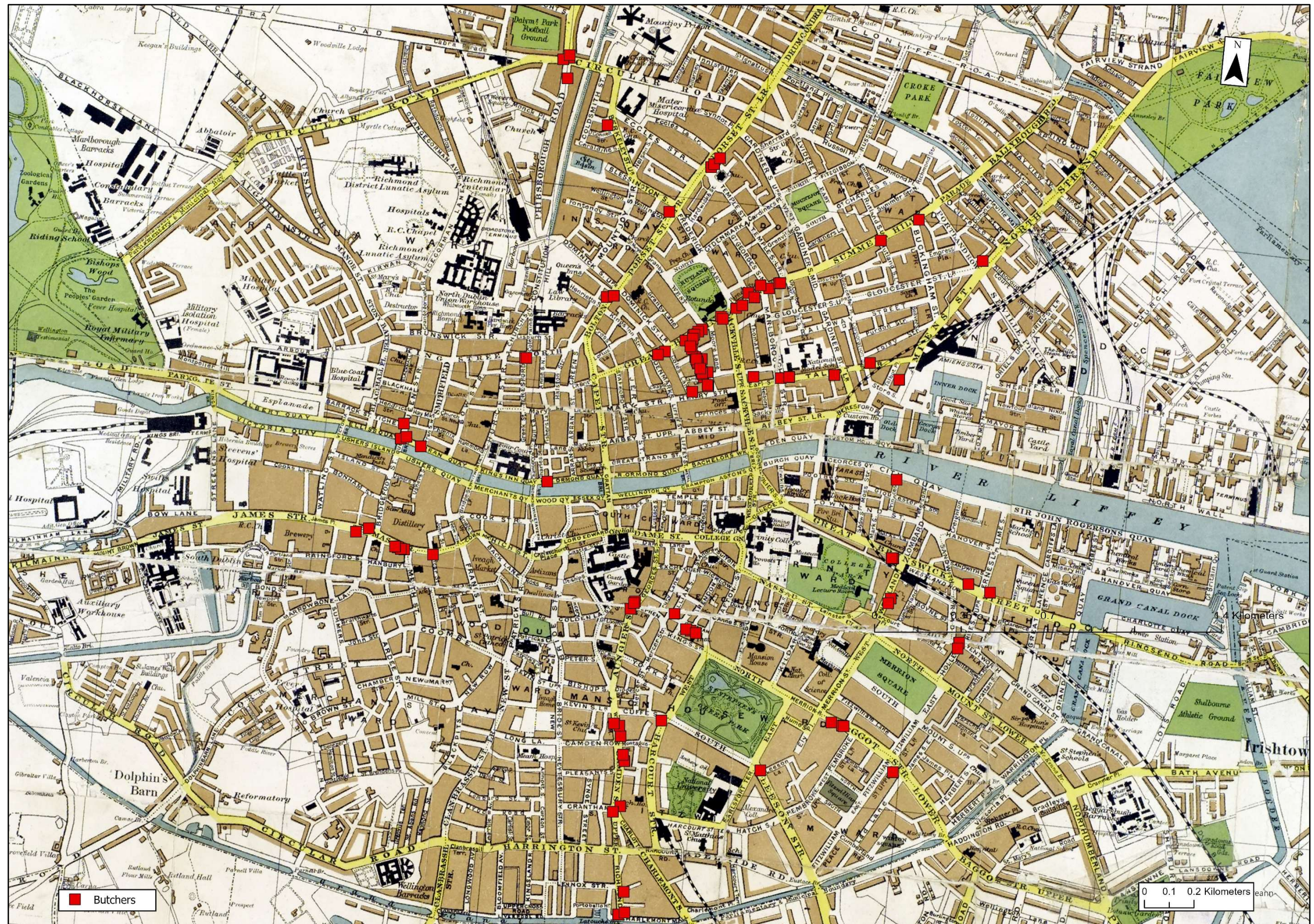
Map 6: Animal-housing. Piggeries, stables and cow houses recorded in Form B2 of the 1911 Census located at the addresses of animal-related businesses listed in Thom's Street Directory in 1910. The number of animal houses present at each address are indicated by the dot symbols. Some locations had multiple different types of animal housing. The cross roughly indicates the four quadrants I have identified within the city.





Map 7: Animal housing and animal-related business. Animal-related businesses listed in Thom's Street Directory in 1910 and the piggeries, stables and cow houses recorded in Form B2 of the 1911 Census at the addresses of animal-related businesses.





Map 8: The spatial distribution of butchers in Dublin City, 1910. Distinct clusters are visible on Moore Street, Great Britain Street, James Street and Camden Street.



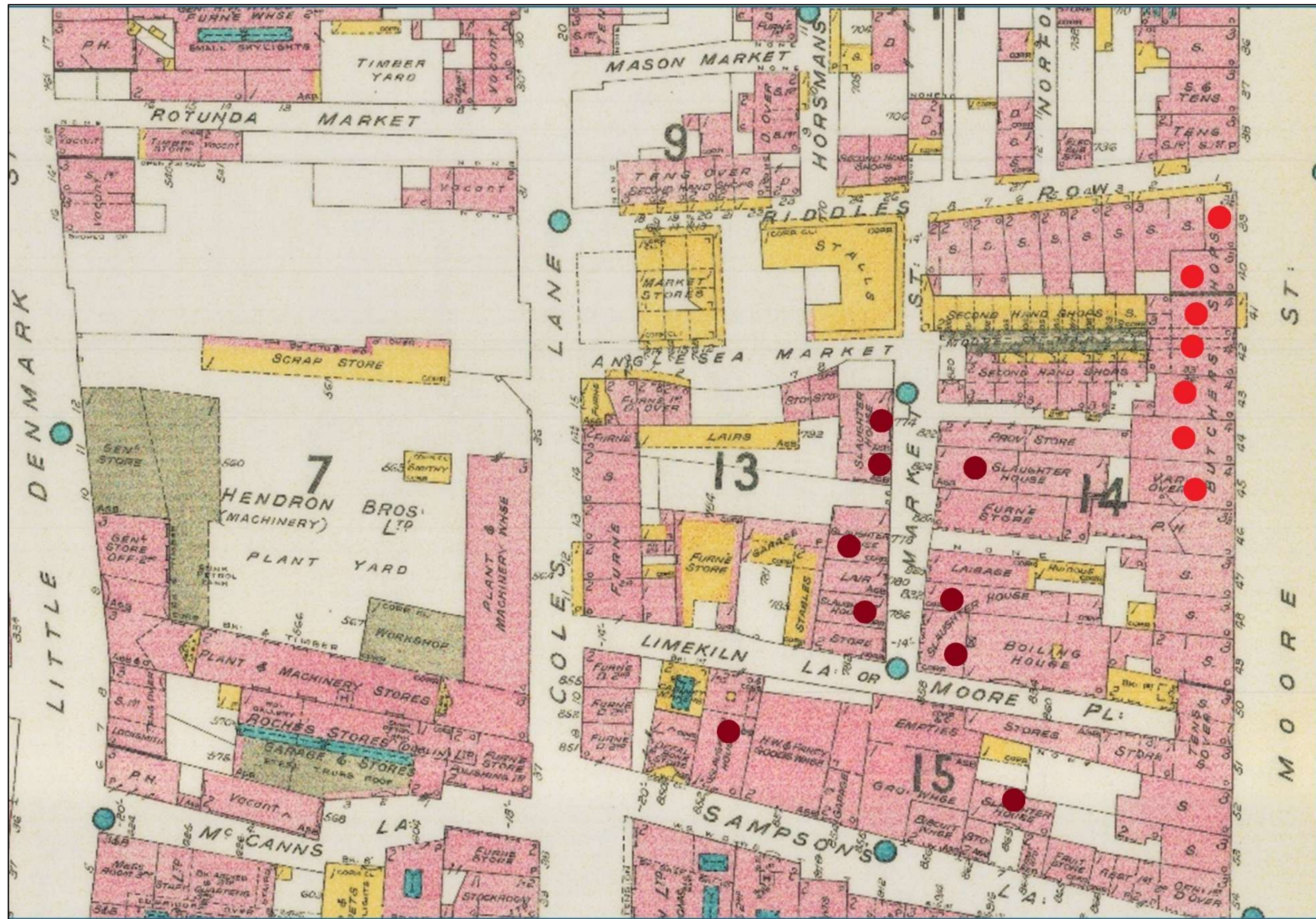


Map 9: Location of butchers and dairies around Moore Street. The dense clustering of butchers (red) and the smaller cluster of dairies (blue) recorded in Thom's Street Directory 1910 is clearly visible against the high resolution 25-inch map from 1908.



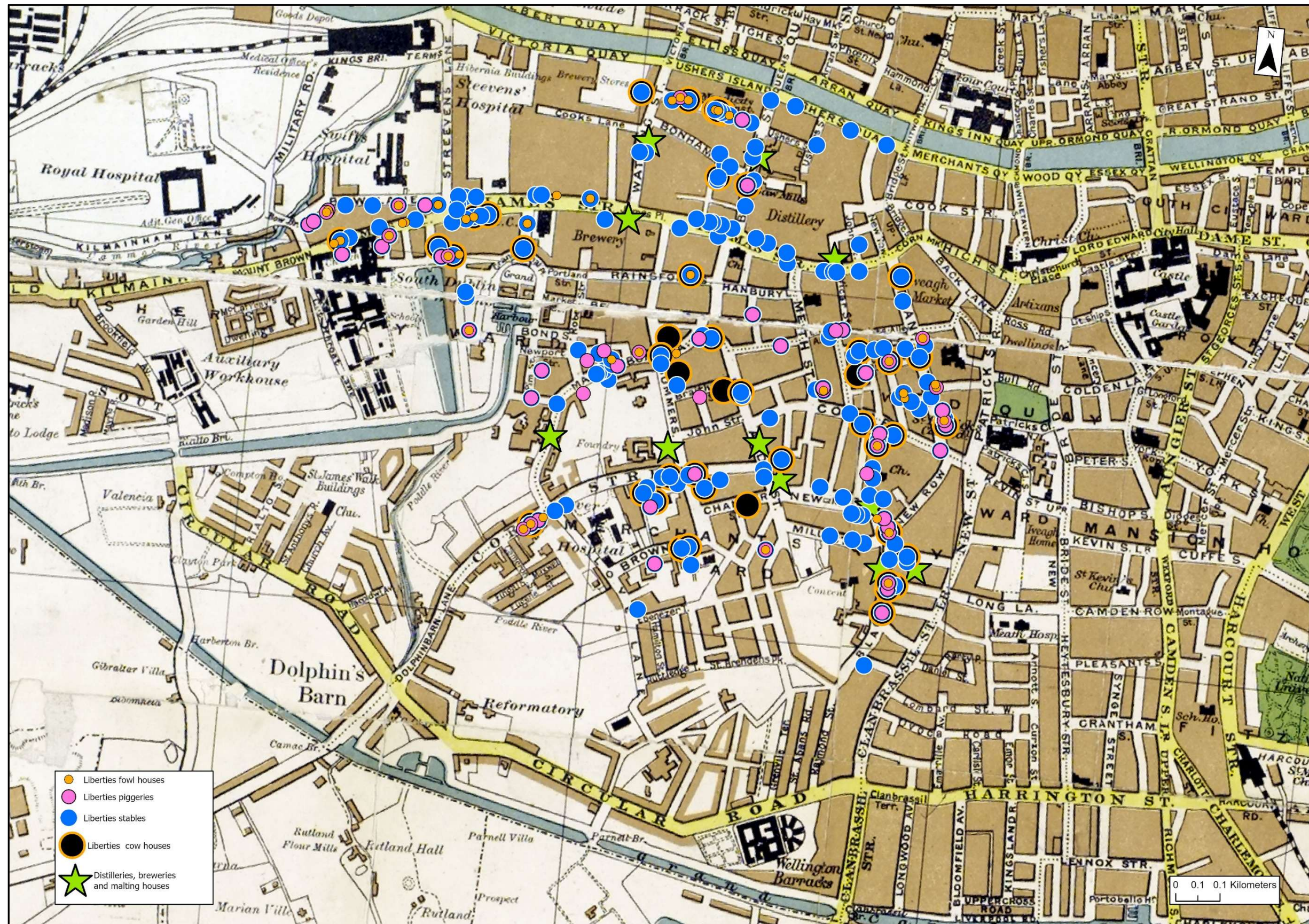






Map 11: Cluster of butchers (red) and slaughterhouses (maroon) in the vicinity of Moore Street recorded on Goad's 1957 Insurance Plan of the City of Dublin, Sheet 3. (Dr Joseph Brady).





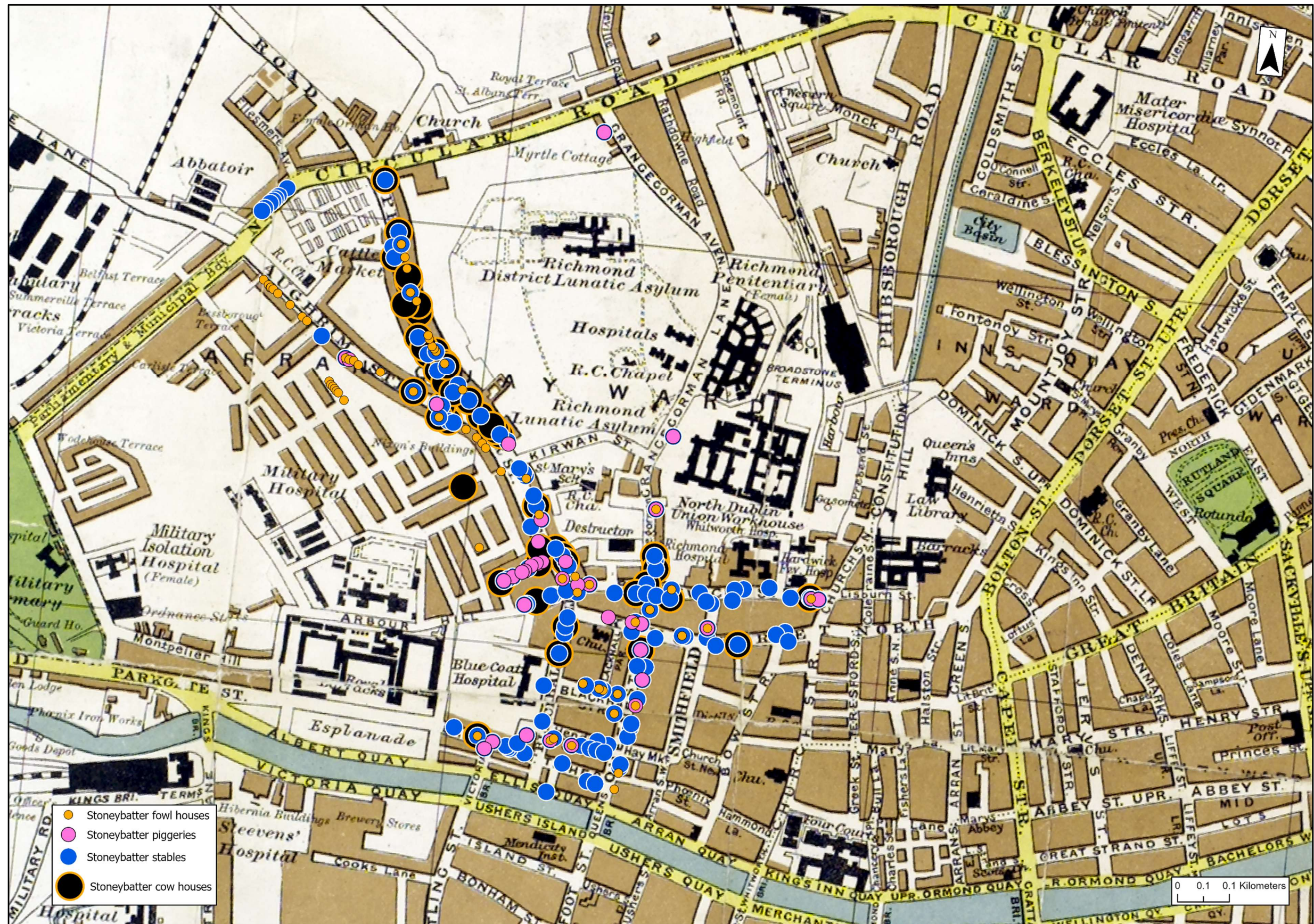
Map 12: Animal housing, distilleries, breweries and malting houses recorded in Form B2 of the 1911 census in the Liberties area. Animal housing is illustrated using dots of increasing size to minimise obscuring housing where multiple animals were kept in the same location.





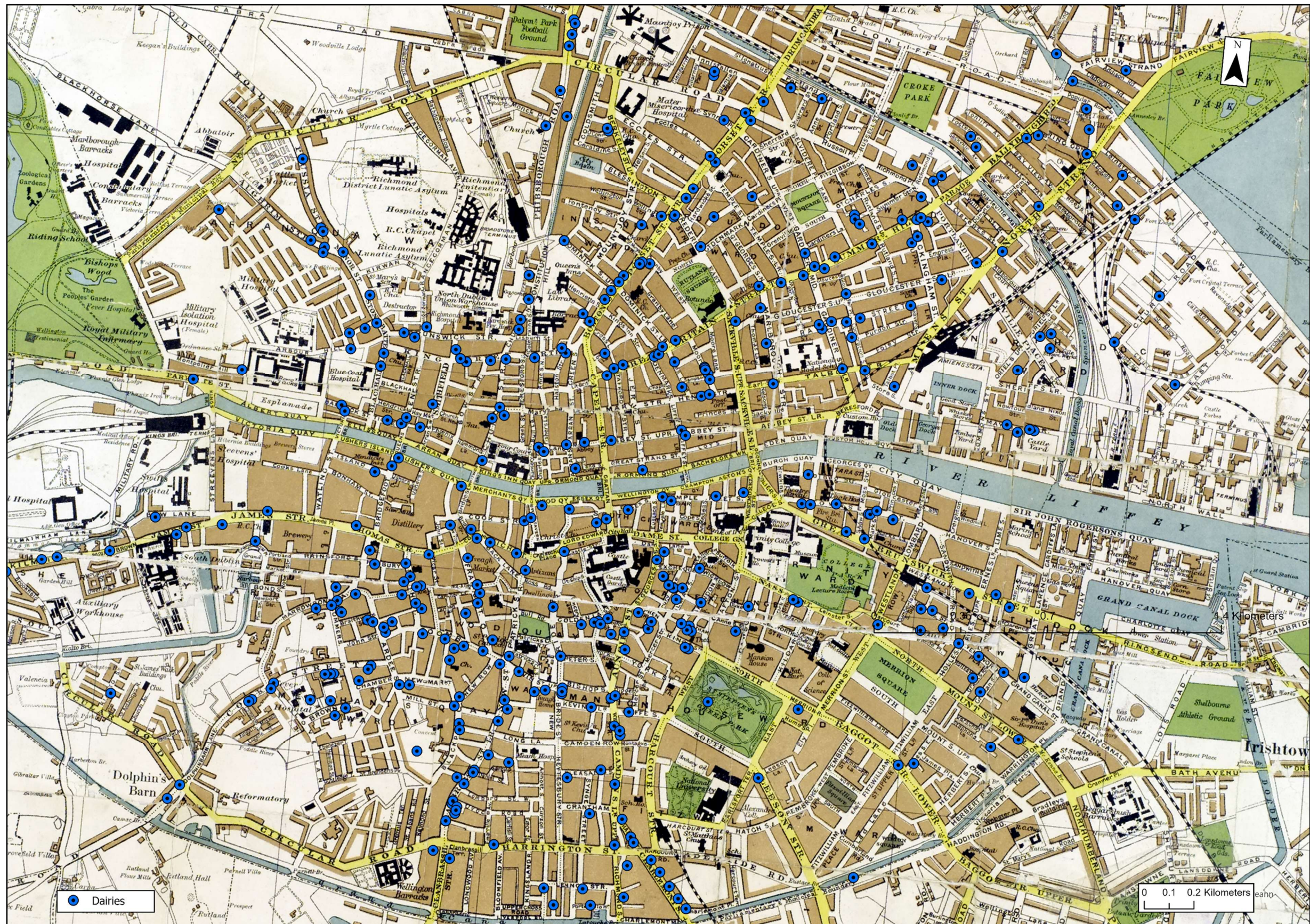
Map 13: The Dublin Cattle Market area recorded on the historic 25-inch map, 1908. Note the Dublin Corporation Abattoir in the upper left to the rear of Altona Terrace and the animal housing and pens to the rear of buildings on Prussia Street.





Map 14: All animal housing recorded in Form B2 of the 1911 census in the area around Smithfield/Stoneybatter. Animal housing is illustrated using dots of increasing size to minimise obscuring housing where multiple animals were kept in the same location.





Map 15: Dairy retail outlets recorded in Thom's Street Directly 1910 were widely dispersed across Dublin City.





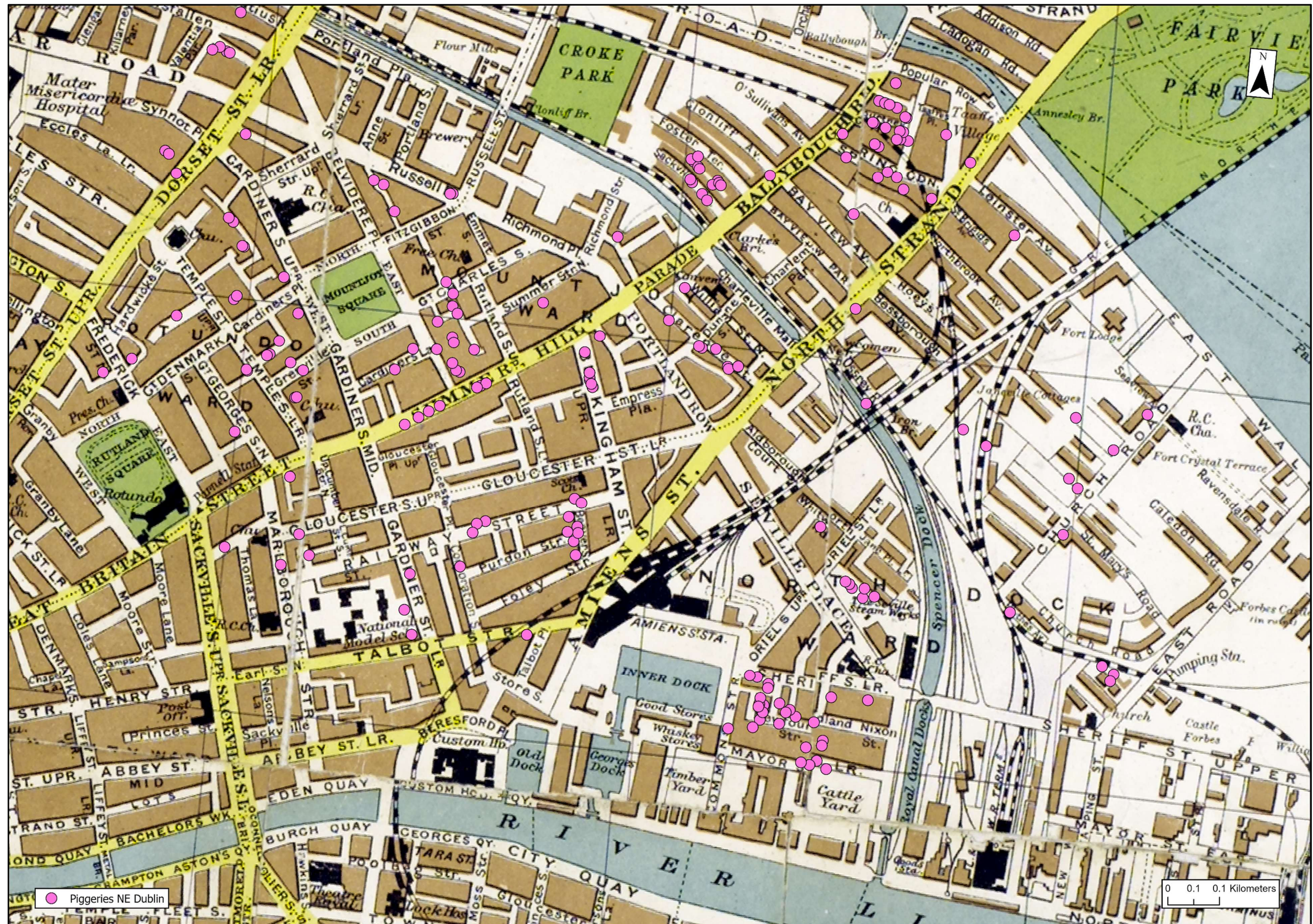
Map 16: Some animal-related businesses recorded in Thom's Street Directory 1910 benefitted from dispersal. Businesses dealing in higher order goods not purchased daily such as carriage, cab and car builders and brush manufacturers were dispersed across the city. However, saddlers and harness makers both clustered (on Dame Street, for example) and dispersed.





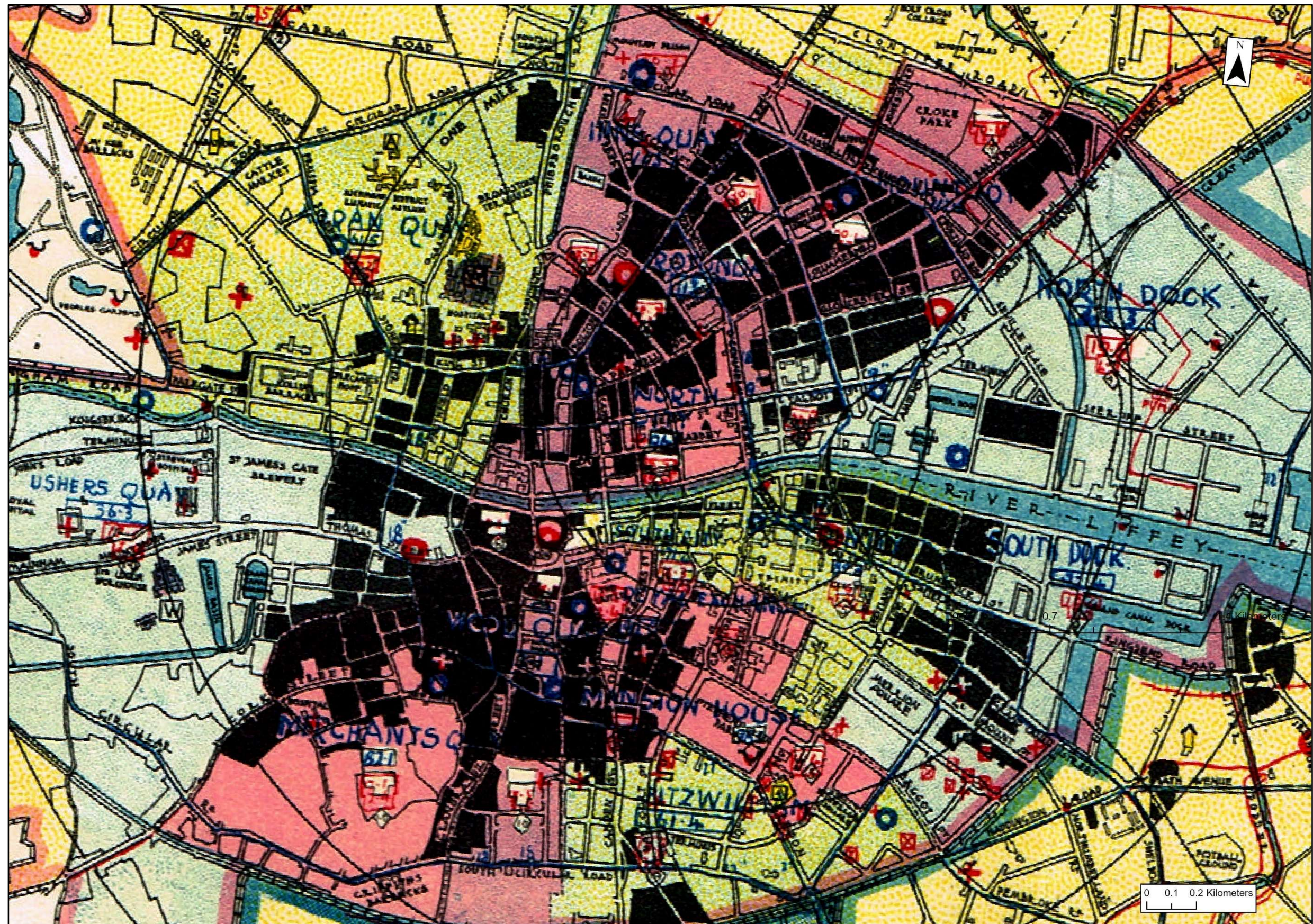
Map 17: Location of manure and fertilizer manufacturers and merchants as listed in Thom's Street Directory 1910.





Map 18: Location of piggeries in the north-east quadrant of Dublin City, 1911. The 1911 Report on Piggeries recorded far more piggeries in Dublin City than were recorded in the Census Form B2.





Map 19: Dublin's unhealthiest areas (in black) as identified in the Dublin Civic Survey Hygiene Map published in 1925. The largest unhealthy areas were located in the Liberties and the north-east quadrant of the city. Courtesy of Brian Hollinshead, DublinHistoricMaps.com.